The Pyongyang Times

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Grand Commemoration of 30th Anniversary of Foundation of Glorious Workers' Party of Korea Held, Attended by the Great Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG

The platform of the commemoration of the 30th anniversary of the foundation of the Workers' Party of Korea, attended by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung

A grand commemoration of the foundation of the glorious Workers' Party of Korea was held in Pyongyang, the capital of revolution, on October 9. The commemoration was attended by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the founder and guide of our Party.

Placed with due respect on the platform was a portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great leader of our Party and our people, who ushered in the era of Juche, the glorious and brilliant Workers' Party era.

The background was decorated with the red flag of our Party inscribed with the emblem of the Workers' Party of Korea, the dependable political General Staff of the Korean revolution which is leading the revolutionary cause of the Juche era.

Hanging on the background were a model of Mt. Paekdu-san, the holy mountain of revolution, symbolizing the deep-rooted revolutionary traditions of our Party established by the great revolutionary leader Comrade Kim Il Sung in the bloody anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle and the figure "1945-1975" showing our Party's 30-year history of victory shining with glory.

Seen in the meeting hall were the slogans "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!", "Long live the glorious Workers' Party of Korea!", "Long live the 30th anniversary of the foundation of the glorious Workers' Party of Korea!" and "Long live the indestructible unity and cohesion of the whole Party centering around the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and streamers bearing the words "Highest glory to the great revolutionary leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the founder and guide of our Party!" and "May the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung enjoy a long life in good health!"

Also put up in the meeting hall were slogans reading "Let us reunify the country independently by the efforts of the Korean people themselves, upholding the policy of national reunification advanced by the great leader!" and "Let us strengthen friendship and solidarity with the world revolutionary people, raising aloft the banner of anti-imperialism and independence!"

The commemoration was attended by 9,000 delegates selected in local Party organizations, who have covered the rugged road of revolution following the Party and have remained infinitely loyal to the great leader.

Present at the commemoration were the delegation of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification, the home-visiting group of sports, culture and art circles of Korean youth in Japan, the home-visiting group of functionaries of Chongryon (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan), the third home-visiting group of Korean educational workers in Japan and the delegation of the trading company of Chongryon.

A delegation of the Korean Democratic Party and a delegation of the Chondoist Chongu Party were also present.

Invited there were foreign delegations and foreign diplomatic envoys and foreign guests staying in our country.

At 4:30 p.m., the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the founder and guide of our Party, appeared in the platform to the strains of the welcome music.

That moment, stormy cheers of "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" arose throughout the meeting hall.

Amid the rising cheers of "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" a floral basket was reverentially presented to the fatherly leader, carrying the infinite respect and reverence of the entire Party members and people and their ardent loyalty, in the name of the attendants of the commemoration.

The platform was taken by Comrade Choi Yong Kun, Comrade Kim Il, Comrade Kim Dong Gyu, Comrade Choe Hyon, Comrade O Jin U, Comrade So Chol, Comrade Pak Sung Chul, Comrade Rim Chun Chu, Comrade Yang Hyong Sop, Comrade Li Yong Mu, Comrade Han Ik Su, Comrade Yon Hyong Muk, Comrade Chon Mun Sop, Comrade Kim Yong Nam, Comrade Ho Dam, Comrade Hyon Mu Gwang, Comrade Chong Jun Gi, Comrade Kim Jung Rin, Comrade Kang Song San, Comrade Choe Jae U, Comrade Kong Jin Tae, Comrade Hong Won Gil, Comrade Nam Il, Comrade Hwang Jang Yop, Comrade O Baek Ryong and leading functionaries of the Party and government and generals of the People's Army.

The platform was also taken by the head of the delegation of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification and Son Jong Hui, Director of the Political Department of the Central Standing Committee of Chongryon, who was heading the home-visiting group of sports, culture and art circles of Korean youth in Japan.

In the platform party were Kang Ryang Uk, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Korean Democratic Party who is Vice-President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and Kang Jang Su, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Chondoist Chongu Party.

Seen in the platform party were heads of foreign delegations and foreign guests staying in our country.

Lovely children presented bouquets of fragrant flowers to the great leader and the entire platform party members.

Comrade Kim Dong Gyu, Member of the Political Committee, and Secretary, of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, made an opening speech.

After the opening speech, the entire attendants loudly sang in chorus "the Internationale" to the accompaniment of the brass band.

The great leader of the revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung, the founder and guide of our Party, delivered a report on the 30th anniversary of the foundation of the glorious Workers' Party of Korea.

In his historic report the great leader reviewed the 30-year history of our Party which has covered the path of glory replete with struggle and victory, hewing a new road of the era of Juche and opened a bright prospect on the road ahead of our Party members and people striving for the accomplishment of the revolutionary cause of Juche following the glorious Party. The report marked a new turning-point in the development of our revolution.

The attendants of the commemoration attentively listened to the historic report of the great leader. **The report was often punctuated with stormy cheers of "Long live the great Juche idea!", "Long live the unity and cohesion of the whole Party centring around the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!", "Long live the three revolutions!", "Long live the Korean revolution!", "Long live the world revolution!" and "Long live the glorious Workers' Party of Korea!" This meant full support to and approval of the report of the great leader.**

When the great leader concluded his report, there arose again stormy cheers of "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!"

The commemoration demonstrated the infinite reverence and ardent loyalty of the entire Party members and people to the great leader and the rock-firm unity and cohesion of the whole Party and marked a turn to a new stage in the development of our revolution. It closed with a chorus of "the Internationale" to the accompaniment of the brass band.

The attendants sent up enthusiastic cheers of "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" looking up to the fatherly leader and loudly sang in chorus the song "Long life and Good Health to the Leader" expressing the greatest desire of all our people to hold the fatherly leader in high esteem and follow him forever till the end of the sun and the moon.

The Great Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG

Receives Delegation of Chongryon Headed by Chairman Han Dok Su and Home-Visiting Delegations of Koreans in Japan

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great leader of our Party and our people, received on October 2 the delegation of Chongryon (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan) headed by Comrade Han Dok Su, Chairman of the Central Standing Committee of Chongryon, which paid a call on the fatherly leader to bid farewell prior to its departure after successfully winding up its visit to the homeland, and the delegation of Koreans in Japan, which came to the homeland to celebrate the 27th anniversary of the founding of the DPRK.

Present on the occasion were Comrade Chairman Han Dok Su; So Man Sul, Director of the Organizational Department of the Central Standing Committee of Chongryon; and members of the delegation of Chongryon and members of the delegation of Koreans in Japan headed by Kang Taek Jung, chief of a section of the Organizational Department of the Central Standing Committee of Chongryon.

Comrade Kim Yong Nam and personages concerned were also present.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung warmly received Comrade Chairman Han Dok Su and members of the delegation and gave inspiring words which would serve as a guide-line in carrying out the patriotic work of Chongryon.

The great leader warmly hugged Comrade Chairman Han Dok Su courteously bidding farewell to him and firmly shook hands with members of the delegation.

Comrade Chairman Han Dok Su and all the members of the delegation shouted at the top of their voices "Long live the great leader Marshal Kim Il Sung!" and reverently wished good health and a long life to the great fatherly leader, the genius of revolution and sun of the nation, for the reunification of the country and the prosperity of the generations to come.

The great leader had a photograph taken with all the members of the delegation of Chongryon and the delegation of Koreans in Japan.

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The great leader of our Party and our people Comrade Kim Il Sung received on the 10th the home-visiting group of sports, culture and art circles of Korean youth in Japan, the home-visiting group of functionaries of Chongryon (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan), the third home-visiting group of Korean educational workers in Japan and the delegation of the trading company of Chongryon which were spending pleasant days in the socialist homeland.

Present on the occasion were all the members of the home-visiting group of sports, culture and art circles of Korean youth in Japan headed by Son Jong Hui, Director of the Political Department of the Central Standing Committee of Chongryon, all the members of the home-visiting group of Chongryon functionaries headed by Song Jun Sil, chief of a section of the Propaganda Department of the Central Standing Committee of Chongryon, all the members of the third home-visiting group of Korean educational workers in Japan headed by Choe Jun Ha, chief of a section of the Educational Department of the Central Standing Committee of Chongryon and all the members of the delegation of the trading company of Chongryon headed by Kang Won Ju, Director of the Korea-Japan Export and Import Corporation.

Vice-President Kang Ryang Uk, Vice-President Kim Dong Gyu, Comrade Yang Hyong Sop and Comrade Chong Jun Gi were present there.

When they met the respected and beloved, fatherly leader whom they have always revered deep in their hearts and held in high esteem with allegiance, the members of the delegations shouted at the top of their voice "Long live the great leader Marshal Kim Il Sung!", finding it hard to keep back the tears of irrepressible emotion.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung warmly shook hands with the members of the delegations instilling in them great inspiring strength, and had a picture taken with them.

Comrade KIM IL SUNG, the Great Leader, Receives Foreign Guests

Delegation of Spanish Communist Party Headed by Comrade Santiago Carrillo

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, received on October 8 the visiting delegation of the Spanish Communist Party headed by Comrade Santiago Carrillo, General Secretary of the SCP.

Present on the occasion were Comrade Yang Hyong Sop and personage concerned Kim Yong Sun.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung firmly shook hands with Comrade Santiago Carrillo and warmly hugged him and cordially met the members of the delegation with friendly sentiments.

Saying that he was grateful for the revisit of Comrade Santiago Carrillo to our country at the head of the delegation, the great leader warmly welcomed him and conversed with him in a comradely and friendly atmosphere.

The great leader arranged a luncheon on the same day in honour of the delegation.

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The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, received on October 11 Comrade Santiago Carrillo, General Secretary of the Spanish Communist Party, staying in our country and had a talk with him.

Present on the occasion were the members of the delegation of the Spanish Communist Party headed by Comrade Santiago Carrillo.

On hand were Comrade Yang Hyong Sop and personage concerned Kim Yong Sun.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung had a talk with Comrade Santiago Carrillo in a comradely and friendly atmosphere.

Delegation of Cuban Communist Party

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, received on October 12 the delegation of the Cuban Communist Party on a visit to our country.

Present on the occasion were head of the delegation Comrade Guillermo Garcia Frias, Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Cuban Communist Party and Deputy Prime Minister of the Revolutionary Government of the Republic of Cuba, and members of the delegation—Comrade Guillermo Gomez, Director of the Basic Industry Department of the Central Committee of the CCP; Comrade Tania Maceira, Vice-Director of the International Department of the Central Committee of the CCP; and Comrade Angel Felas Moreno, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the Republic of Cuba to our country.

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ON THE OCCASION OF 30TH ANNIVERSARY OF FOUNDATION OF WORKERS' PARTY OF KOREA

Report Made by Respected and Beloved Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG, General Secretary of Central Committee of Workers' Party of Korea,

at Commemoration of 30th Anniversary of Foundation of Workers' Party of Korea

(All rise. Stormy applause. Enthusiastic cheers shaking the hall. The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung takes the rostrum amid shouts of "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" rocking the hall.)

Comrades,

It is 30 years since the Communists and the working class of Korea founded their Marxist-Leninist party and, under its leadership, embarked upon the building of a new society and a new life.

Today we are solemnly commemorating the 30th anniversary of the foundation of the Workers' Party of Korea, the seasoned guide for our people and the militant General Staff of the Korean revolution. **(Stormy applause.)**

On the occasion of this historic red-letter day, I offer my warm congratulations to our Comrade Party Members and all the working people who, under the leadership of the Workers' Party of Korea, have traversed the thorny yet glorious path of the revolution over the past 30 years. **(All rise. Thunderous cheers of *manse* rocking the hall. Stormy, prolonged applause.)**

On this memorable day I extend heartfelt congratulations and militant greetings to the revolutionists, patriotic youth and students, democratic personalities and all other people of south Korea who, in defiance of the cruel fascist repression of the US imperialists and their stooges, are fighting unyieldingly for their right of existence and democratic liberties, for national reunification and the victory of the revolution. **(Stormy applause.)**

I also tender warm greetings to 600,000 Koreans in Japan and all our overseas compatriots who are waging a courageous struggle abroad for their democratic national rights and the country's independent, peaceful reunification, for our national prosperity and the thriving and development of the socialist motherland. **(Stormy applause.)**

Many revolutionary fighters and patriots have sacrificed their lives for the freedom and liberation of our people, for the victory of the socialist and communist cause. I would like to pay the highest honour to the communist revolutionary fighters and patriotic martyrs who dedicated their precious lives to the country and the people, to the Party and the revolution. **(Stormy applause.)**

Today's commemoration is attended by many visiting delegations and personages of different social sections from various countries. This adds to the festivity of our big holiday and greatly inspires our Party members and working people. On behalf of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and all its membership, I bid a warm welcome to the foreign comrades and friends present here. **(Stormy applause.)**

Comrades, over the past 30 years the Workers' Party of Korea has covered a revolutionary path adorned with victories and glories. **(Loud, prolonged applause.)**

Leading the masses of the people, our Party has established an advanced system of socialism on this land once overrun with exploitation and oppression, and turned our formerly backward colonial, semi-feudal country into a developed socialist state. **(Loud, prolonged applause.)**

Our Party emerged tried and tempered as a virile, revolutionary party from the hard and tortuous struggle to transform nature and society, from the bloody struggle to repulse the imperialists' invasion and defend national sovereignty and the gains of the revolution, and from the acute struggle to safeguard its own unity and cohesion and the purity of Marxism-Leninism against opportunisms at home and abroad. **(Stormy applause.)**

For its devoted service to the country and the people, and for its boundless loyalty to the cause of socialism and communism, our Party has earned the unquestioned confidence and support of the working class and all the people in our country. **(Loud applause.)** The entire Korean people now entrust their destiny wholly to our Party and, united closely around it, are working selflessly to carry out its line and policies. **(Loud applause.)**

Because of its fidelity to the revolutionary principle and determined anti-imperialist position, and its contributions to the international cause of the working class and to the world revolution, the Workers' Party of Korea has become one of the staunch advanced detachments of the international working class. **(Loud, prolonged applause.)**

Marking the 30th birthday of the Party today, our Party members and working people are looking back with deep emotions and with great pride and confidence on the glorious history of our Party which has travelled a great road of revolution, and are fired by a determination to fight on ever more stoutly under the Party's leadership for national reunification and the nationwide victory of the revolution, and for the final victory of the cause of socialism and communism in our country and in the whole world. **(Stormy, prolonged applause.)**

1. The Struggle of the Workers' Party of Korea for Sovereignty, Independence, and Socialist Construction

Comrades,

The Workers' Party of Korea is a revolutionary Marxist-Leninist party.

Our Party was founded in accordance with Marxism-Leninism and the Juche idea and, guided by the Juche idea, has organized and led our people's revolutionary struggle and construction work. The 30 years' history of our Party is a history of glorious struggle for sovereignty, independence and socialist construction and all victories won by our Party in the revolution and construction are excellent fruits of the Juche idea. **(Stormy, prolonged applause.)**

Though our Party is 30 years old, the communist movement in our country has a history of more than half a century. Over this period the Korean Communists have fought staunchly for national sovereignty and the country's independence, for the triumph of socialist and communist cause.

In Korea the communist movement started in the early 1920's under the impact of the Great October Socialist Revolution. However, the early communist movement in our country had serious failings and limitations and this prevented its smooth development.

Our early communist movement failed to strike deep roots in the masses; it was carried on mainly by a few people of the leadership. Instead of drawing a lesson from the failure of the preceding nationalist movement, those who participated in the early communist movement were engrossed in factional activities entirely alien to the revolution, divorced as ever from the masses.

The genuine Korean Communists representing the new generation learned a serious lesson from the preceding nationalist movement and the early communist movement; equipped with a new revolutionary world outlook, they chose an entirely different revolutionary road from the ones followed by those predecessors. Thus, in the latter half of the 1920's, the young Korean Communists belonging to the new generation went among the working masses and, relying on their strength, launched a struggle for national and class liberation from an independent position. **(Loud applause.)**

The formation of the Down-with-Imperialism Union in 1926 was the point of departure in the independent development of our people's revolutionary struggle under the true Marxist-Leninist banner. The formation of this union, the first genuinely communistic revolutionary organization in our country, was a historic announcement of a new start of our revolution. **(Loud, prolonged applause.)** With the formation of the DIU our people's revolutionary struggle came to proceed according to the principle of independence, and this was when our Party began to strike its glorious roots. **(Stormy applause.)**

In the early 1930's, on the basis of the scientific analysis of the situation prevailing in our country, the true Communists of Korea advanced a Juche-oriented revolutionary line and embarked on an organized armed struggle against the Japanese imperialist aggressors. The anti-Japanese armed struggle organized and waged under the leadership of the Communists developed the Korean people's national-liberation struggle and communist movement to new heights. **(Stormy, prolonged applause.)**

The anti-Japanese armed struggle was a struggle to drive out foreign invaders, win national sovereignty and the country's independence, reject exploitation and oppression, and achieve the class emancipation of the oppressed toiling masses in our colonial, semi-feudal society. In this struggle the Korean Communists had to use their own brains to contrive the line and methods of struggle and the strategy and tactics of revolution.

The anti-Japanese armed struggle was a very hard struggle waged against the Japanese imperialist marauders armed to the teeth, without a state-supported rear or aid from a regular army. At that time we had only the working masses to count on, and had to obtain weapons, ammunition, provisions and all other supplies by our own efforts to wage warfare.

During the anti-Japanese armed struggle the Korean Communists underwent indescribable hardships and grim trials. They had vicissitudes and heartrending sacrifices. In this struggle, however, the Korean Communists gained priceless experiences and lessons which could not be bartered for anything and acquired the truth of revolution.

The anti-Japanese armed struggle hardened the conviction of the Korean Communists that they were masters of their own destiny and that they also had the ability to hew out their own destiny. **(Stormy applause.)** And this struggle persuaded them firmly that the most correct attitude and position to be maintained in the revolutionary struggle were to settle all matters for themselves in the interests of their people and in keeping with the specific conditions of their country. **(Stormy applause.)**

In the course of the long, arduous anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle the Juche idea was founded, developed and enriched and the ideological system of Juche was established in the Korean communist movement. **(Stormy, prolonged applause.)** Through this struggle numerous communist hard-cores grew up; the unity of ideology and purpose and cohesion of the revolutionary ranks were realized; immortal revolutionary achievements and rich and precious fighting experiences were gained; and revolutionary methods and popular style of work were created. As a result, the organizational and ideological basis was laid for establishing a revolutionary Marxist-Leninist party and our Party's glorious revolutionary traditions built up. **(Stormy applause.)** The organizational and ideological basis for Party building and the glorious revolutionary traditions established during the anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle became a priceless asset for the foundation, strengthening and development of our Party after liberation. **(Stormy applause.)**

In the course of the independent struggle of our working class and toiling masses, the Juche idea became the guiding compass for our revolution and the Korean communist movement, and today it is our Party's firm guiding ideology. **(Stormy, prolonged applause.)**

The Juche idea is based on a philosophical theory that man is master of everything and decides everything. By scientifically enunciating the position and role of man in the world, the Juche idea provides one with the most correct outlook on nature and society and with a powerful weapon to cognize and transform the world. The Juche idea clarifies the laws of social development and inspires the working masses strongly to the revolutionary struggle for an independent and creative life. **(Stormy applause.)**

The Juche idea is a revolutionary theory evolved with the working masses as the central factor, and it is a revolutionary strategy and tactics based on their role. The Juche idea, an ideological and theoretical generalization of the revolution and the communist movement in our country, contains an abundance of revolutionary theories for all realms to transform nature and society, and gives correct answers to all problems arising in the revolution and construction. **(Stormy applause.)** The Juche idea has clarified the tasks of each revolutionary stage and the means for their fulfilment, and it has set forth strategic and tactical principles that must be adhered to throughout the whole period of the building of socialism and communism. **(Loud, prolonged applause.)**

The Juche idea clearly shows the fundamental stand and methods that have to be maintained by the working masses in the revolution and construction. It demands that the working masses have the attitude of a master and keep to independent and creative stands in the revolutionary struggle and construction work. The independent stand is the fundamental stand that the working masses must always keep to in the revolution and construction, and the creative stand is the fundamental method

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ON THE OCCASION OF 30TH ANNIVERSARY OF FOUNDATION OF WORKERS' PARTY OF KOREA

Report Made by Respected and Beloved Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG, General Secretary of Central Committee of Workers' Party of Korea,

at Commemoration of 30th Anniversary of Foundation of Workers' Party of Korea

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that they must employ in the struggle to transform nature and society. They must maintain the independent and creative stands, with a deep consciousness that they are masters of the revolution. Only then can they solve all problems of the revolution and construction efficiently by themselves in the interests of their people and in keeping with the specific conditions of their country. **(Loud, prolonged applause.)**

We are guided by the Juche idea which was created amid the flames of the anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle and whose correctness and vitality have been tested through practical revolutionary struggle, and herein lie the source of our ever-victorious Party's might and the firm guarantee for the victory of socialist and communist cause in our country. **(All rise. Thunderous cheers of *manse* rocking the hall. Stormy, prolonged applause.)**

Comrades,

The Korean Communists led the anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle to a victorious conclusion, and thereby restored their national sovereignty usurped by the Japanese imperialists, achieved the country's independence and opened up broad prospects of the building of a new society. **(Stormy, prolonged applause.)**

After liberating the homeland, they buckled down first to founding a revolutionary working-class party.

Through a tenacious, vigorous struggle, we shattered the obstructionist manoeuvres of all class enemies, factionalists and local separatists; and on October 10, 1945 we formed the Central Organizing Committee of the Communist Party of North Korea and declared the foundation of our glorious Party to the whole world. **(Stormy, prolonged applause.)**

The foundation of our Party meant the birth of a revolutionary party of a new type with Marxism-Leninism and the Juche idea as its guiding ideology; it was a brilliant fruit of the long, hard struggle waged by the Korean Communists to build a party. **(Stormy applause.)**

We proposed a policy of developing the Communist Party into a mass political party of the working people to meet the requirements of our prevailing situation and revolutionary development and carried it out successfully in a short period.

Immediately after liberation there were not many competent Communists in our country; our working class was still young and our people did not have a correct understanding of communism. Therefore, in order to strike deep roots in the broad working masses the Communist Party had to develop into a mass party by admitting many progressive working people who had great patriotic zeal and strong revolutionary spirit, as well as competent Communists and advanced elements of the working class. Moreover, in view of the existence of the Communist and the New Democratic Party, separate political parties of the working people, and the increasing danger of the toiling masses being split up, it was necessary to form a mass party representing the working people's interests as a whole in order to prevent a split of the revolutionary forces and organize and mobilize the entire people for the building of an independent and sovereign state.

When conditions matured for building a mass party, we founded the Workers' Party through the merger of the Communist and the New Democratic Party. Thus, our Party was strengthened and developed as the militant vanguard of the Korean working class and toiling masses which comprised the progressive elements of the workers, peasants and working intellectuals.

The establishment of the Workers' Party marked a milestone in the building of our Party and in the advancement of the Korean revolution. **(Loud applause.)** It enabled our Party to plant its roots deep among the vast masses and unite the revolutionary forces more closely around itself. The establishment of the Workers' Party prevented the division of the toiling masses, consolidated the alliance of the workers, peasants and working intellectuals and further enhanced the leading role of the working class.

After founding the Party we strove untiringly for the organizational and ideological consolidation of the Party ranks.

What is most important in the organizational and ideological consolidation of the Party is to establish its monolithic ideological system. The working-class party must be organized and guided only by one ideology. Only then is it possible to guarantee the unity of ideology, purpose and action in the Party ranks and lead the revolution and construction victoriously.

From the first days of its foundation our Party struggled persistently to strengthen its unity and solidarity, thus firmly establishing its monolithic ideological system and bringing about rock-firm unity and cohesion throughout itself. **(Stormy, prolonged applause.)** This is the greatest victory in our Party building and the most outstanding result of the bloody struggle carried on by the Korean Communists over half a century. **(All rise. Thunderous cheers of *manse* shaking the hall. Stormy, prolonged applause.)**

Strengthening the Party's mass foundation is one of the vital problems in Party building. Only by awakening and organizing the masses and strengthening its mass foundation, can the working-class party expand its ranks constantly, strengthen itself on a solid foundation and carry out its revolutionary tasks successfully.

In order to consolidate its mass foundation our Party formed working people's organizations and united the broad masses in them. Today all our working people are affiliated with some units of working people's organizations, where they are leading organizational lives and through which they are organizationally linked with our Party.

Our Party directed profound attention to implementing the revolutionary mass line in order to strengthen its mass foundation. Our Party's mass line is to jealously guard the interests of the working masses, unite them around itself by educating and remoulding them, and carry out the revolutionary tasks, believing in their strength and activating them. Our Party has always regarded it as the supreme principle of its activity to protect the working people's interests and struggled for their well-being with all devotion. The Party united the broad masses around itself by educating and remoulding them, and pushed ahead with the revolution and construction by enlisting their inexhaustible strength.

Another important problem arising in the building of the working-class party is to establish a revolutionary system and method of Party work.

We defined work with people as the basic factor of Party work and have tirelessly struggled to establish a system and method of Party work based on work with people.

The Party is a vanguard political organization composed of people and its duty is to educate them and organize and mobilize them for the revolution. This is why people are the object of the Party organization's work and what is basic to Party work is work with people. Work with people means organizational and political work to unite people around the Party by educating and remoulding them and encourage them to participate voluntarily in the implementation of revolutionary tasks with the attitude of a master.

Our Party held fast to the principle of giving precedence to political work, work with people, in all activities. In carrying out any revolutionary task we first explained and propagated the Party policy to Party members and working people so that they deeply realized the Party's intentions and needs and came forward voluntarily to carry out its policy. Through our struggle to apply the Chongsan-ri spirit and Chongsan-ri method to Party work, we further developed the system and method of work based on work with people.

Of late, a new change has taken place in our Party work. A well-regulated work system based on work with people has been established throughout the Party; Party work is free from the old pattern and is conducted in a vibrating and pulsating manner.

We are today celebrating the 30th anniversary of the Party with great joy and conviction that our Party will successfully accomplish the revolutionary cause of communism. **(Stormy, prolonged applause.)**

Comrades,

Since its inception the Workers' Party of Korea has led the revolution and construction, assuming the whole responsibility for the Korean revolution and our people's destiny.

To build an independent and sovereign state and successfully carry out the socialist and communist cause, the working-class party must first solve the question of power.

Our Party set up an independent people's government and thus firmly guaranteed national sovereignty and energetically pushed forward the revolutionary struggle and construction work. Using the people's government as a weapon, the Party carried out the agrarian reform, nationalization of industries and various other democratic reforms and eliminated the colonial survivals of Japanese imperialism, thus triumphantly fulfilling the tasks of the anti-imperialist, anti-feudal democratic revolution in the northern half of our country in a very short period following liberation. **(Loud applause.)** The result was that our people extricated themselves once and for all from the shackles of imperialism and feudalism and a people's democratic system was firmly established in the northern half. **(Loud, prolonged applause.)**

The three years of war forced upon us by US imperialism and its lackeys was a grim trial to our Party and people; it was a crucial test for the viability of our Republic and people's democratic system. Under the Party's leadership our people rose as one man and fought courageously to defend the achievements of the democratic reforms and the people's democratic system; they inflicted an ignominious defeat on the US imperialists and their lackeys and honourably defended the country's independence and national sovereignty. **(Stormy applause.)**

Having carried out the democratic revolution, our Party started the socialist revolution and, after the war, accelerated it full scale.

The postwar socio-economic conditions in our country urgently demanded the socialist cooperative movement in towns and the countryside, and the balance of class forces was decisively favourable to the socialist revolution. Our Party considered the postwar period the most appropriate time for the socialist revolution and energetically pushed ahead with the socialist cooperative movement.

We proposed the unique policy of cooperativizing the individual peasant economy prior to the technical reconstruction of agriculture, and audaciously launched the agricultural cooperative movement and turned individual trade and industry into a socialist collective economy. Life unequivocally proved the undisputed correctness of the policy mapped out by our Party which, proceeding unwaveringly from the Juche position, explored the socialist path suited to our actual conditions, without clinging to the established theories or foreign experiences. **(Stormy applause.)**

The building of the socialist economy is one of the most important revolutionary tasks confronting the working-class party which has seized power.

The economy is the material basis of social life. Only when we build the economy well and achieve economic self-support can we consolidate the country's independence, ensure the people an independent and creative life and build socialism and communism successfully.

By energetically promoting economic construction, our Party ensured that in a very short postwar period the war wounds were healed and the colonial lopsidedness of the economy eliminated, and that a modern industry with the machine-building industry as its core was built and the technical reconstruction of the national economy as a whole was carried out, so that the historical task of socialist industrialization was fulfilled with credit. **(Stormy applause.)**

In building an independent national economy, our Party held fast to the basic line of socialist economic construction—a line of giving priority to the development of heavy industry while developing light industry and agriculture simultaneously.

Thanks to the Party's correct line of building an independent national economy and to the popular masses' heroic struggle for its implementation, our once underdeveloped colonial agrarian country was converted in a historically very brief period into a socialist industrial state with its powerful heavy industry, modern light industry and developed agriculture. **(Stormy applause.)**

Simultaneously with socialist economic construction, our Party energetically stepped up socialist cultural construction.

The Party strove to eliminate all traces of cultural backwardness handed down from the old society, raise the working people's cultural and technical levels and rapidly develop science, literature and arts and all other branches of cultural construction on a sound basis.

In cultural construction our Party directed especially great efforts to the solution of the problem of cadres. To solve this problem the Party reeducated the old intellectuals and made them take an active part in the building of a new society, while developing the educational work and thus training large numbers of new technicians and specialists of working people origin. We have further built up the ranks of our own cadres by carrying out with credit the task of increasing the number of technicians and specialists to one million during the Six-Year Plan, as proposed by the Party at its Fifth Congress. **(Loud, prolonged applause.)** The problem of cadres has now been completely solved in our country; we are in a position to settle all matters of the revolution and construction with success on the strength of our own cadres. **(Loud applause.)**

In order to consolidate national independence and efficiently achieve the socialist and communist cause, it is necessary to build up defence power great enough to safeguard one's own nation.

As long as imperialism exists on the earth, the working-class state cannot be safe from the threat of imperialist aggression. Only when it has a defence capacity enough to safeguard itself can it defend its national sovereignty from the imperialists' aggression and safeguard the achievements of the revolution and construction.

Immediately after liberation our Party founded regular revolutionary armed forces with the hard-cores tempered in the anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle as the backbone, and strengthened these forces constantly. It also strove to create and develop a modern defence industry. In the light of the intensified aggressive manoeuvres of US imperialism the Party set forth the revolutionary line of building up the economy and the defence simultaneously and exerted great efforts for the building of defence, and carried through a self-defensive military line, its key points being to turn the whole army into a cadre army, modernize the whole army, place the entire people under arms and fortify the whole country. **(Loud, prolonged applause.)** As a result, we now have a great defence capacity of our own to completely smash any aggressive acts of the enemy and firmly safeguard the nation's security and the gains of the revolution. **(Stormy applause.)**

Comrades, our Party has recently brought about a new upswing in all spheres of socialist construction by waging a brisk battle for grand socialist construction.

Through their vigorous struggle under the unfurled Red banner of three revolutions, our heroic working class and working people rendered outstanding services attaining the major goals of the Six-Year Plan by the 30th anniversary of the Party and thus fulfilling the Plan more than one year ahead of schedule in terms of total industrial output value. **(Stormy, prolonged applause.)** With the fulfilment of the Six-Year Plan our country's economic power has further increased, the revolutionary base of the northern half of the Republic has been consolidated, and the firm foundations have been laid for hastening the complete victory of socialism. **(Stormy applause.)**

On this significant and auspicious holiday marking the 30th birthday of the glorious Workers' Party of Korea, I would like to offer my warm congratulations to our heroic working class, cooperative farmers, working intellectuals and all the rest of the working people who, with unbounded loyalty to the Party, have raced ahead at a new Chollima speed, a speed expressing their loyalty, and thus fulfilled ahead of schedule the Six-Year Plan set forth by the Fifth Party Congress, and rendered distinguished services in the battle for grand socialist construction. **(All rise. Thunderous cheers of *manse* rocking the hall. Stormy, prolonged applause.)**

2. Let Us Further Intensify the Three Revolutions

Comrades,

Our Party and people have before them the historic task of winning the complete victory of socialism and building communism on the basis of the great successes achieved in the revolution and construction.

Building communism is our Party's ultimate objective. Over the past 30 years our Party has traversed a rugged yet glorious road of struggle for communism and, in the future too, it will indomitably fight on for the victory of the communist cause. **(Stormy, prolonged applause.)**

If we are to build communism we must take its ideological and material fortresses by transforming society along communist lines in all spheres of economy, culture, ideology and morality. In other words, we must make communist-type men of all members of society by revolutionizing and working-classizing them, place the means of production under a single, communist ownership, and develop the productive forces to such a high degree that each receives according to his needs.

In order to occupy the ideological and material fortresses of communism we must vigorously carry out the ideological, technical and cultural revolutions.

The three revolutions—ideological, technical and cultural—are the main content of the revolution the working-class party must carry out after the establishment of the socialist system; they are the tasks of the continued revolution to be carried on until communism has been built. **(All rise. Thunderous cheers of *manse* shaking the hall. Stormy, prolonged applause.)** The working-class party can win its historic cause only when it carries the revolution through to the end in the ideological, technical and cultural spheres. **(Stormy, prolonged applause.)**

First of all, the ideological revolution must be conducted thoroughly.

The ideological revolution is aimed at revolutionizing and working-classizing all members of society to make them men of a communist type. The working masses are masters of society, and they are the main factor that transforms and advances society. Unless they are reeducated revolutionally, all tasks arising from the revolution and construction cannot be solved successfully nor can a communist society be brought about.

In essence, the transformation of man means the remoulding of his thinking. What is fundamental in remoulding people on the communist pattern is to imbue them with communist ideological consciousness. The ideological consciousness of a man decides his worth and conditions all his activities. The role of ideological consciousness increases as socialist and communist construction progresses and the working masses' level of ideological consciousness rises.

For the successful building of socialism and communism, therefore, it is necessary to intensify the ideological revolution to remould the working people's ideological consciousness on the communist pattern and bring their revolutionary enthusiasm and creative talents into full play. **(Stormy applause.)**

What is most important in the ideological revolution is to arm the Party members and working people firmly with our Party's revolutionary idea, the Juche idea. Only then can they form a revolutionary world outlook and acquire a firm grasp of the Juche-motivated revolutionary theory, strategy and tactics, and methodology. **(Loud, prolonged applause.)** We must intensify the education of the Party membership and working people in the Juche idea, Party policies and revolutionary traditions, so that they will think and act the way the Party wants them to any time and anywhere and dynamically promote the revolution and construction by giving full scope to their revolutionary spirit of self-reliance in the attitude of masters of the revolution. **(Loud, prolonged applause.)**

We must strengthen the revolutionary education and class education of the Party members and working people. We are now living in the era of revolution and waging a fierce class struggle against the enemies. If we do not step up their revolutionary and class education, we will not be able to continue the revolution and defend the revolutionary gains we have already made. We must educate all our working people so that they hold fast to their class stand and revolutionary principle and resolutely fight against the imperialists and class enemies in whatever difficult and complex situation. **(Loud, prolonged applause.)**

Socialist and communist society is based on collectivism. The fundamental requirement of socialist and communist society is that the working people work, study and live in accordance with collectivist principles. We must further intensify the collectivist education of Party members and working

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ON THE OCCASION OF 30TH ANNIVERSARY OF FOUNDATION OF WORKERS' PARTY OF KOREA

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people so that they love their organizations and collectives and struggle devotedly for the benefit of society and the people, for the benefit of the Party and the revolution.

Inculcating a love of labour in the minds of the Party members and working people is an important task of the ideological revolution. Labour is the source of creating the wealth of society and providing the people with happy lives; it is a means to revolutionize, working-classize and unite people. We must educate all the working people to regard labour as most sacred and honourable, love to work, and observe labour discipline willingly.

Further, we must energetically push forward the technical revolution.

The essence of the technical revolution is to eliminate the fundamental differences in labour and free the working people from heavy labour. The technical revolution is not a mere technical, practical task to increase material wealth by developing technology and the productive forces. It is an important political task to free the working people, liberated from exploitation and oppression, even from the fetters of nature and ensure them complete social equality and independent and creative lives. **(Loud applause.)** Only by vigorously pushing forward the technical revolution can the working-class party remove the fundamental differences in labour, free the working people from heavy labour, and successfully take the material fortress of communism.

The basic task of the technical revolution confronting our Party at present is to carry out the technical revolution with emphasis on the three major fields.

The three major tasks of the technical revolution are tasks to be performed at a new, higher stage following socialist industrialization; they are strategic tasks of socialist construction to guarantee the complete victory of socialism. We must continue to devote great efforts to the implementation of the three major tasks and thus quickly fulfil the tasks of the technical revolution proposed by the Fifth Party Congress. **(Loud, prolonged applause.)**

We must introduce mechanization, semi-automation, and automation full scale in all spheres of industry; in particular, we must concentrate on the extractive industries where operations are most backbreaking and labour-consuming and speedily complete the comprehensive mechanization in tunnelling, ore and coal hewing and all other operations in the pits. In a number of industrial branches such as the metallurgical, chemical, and cement industries, the system of commanding productive operations must be established by using industrial TVs and radios, and automation and telemechanics should be widely introduced in their production processes so as to completely eliminate the work in excessive heat and labour harmful to health.

The electrification of railways must be carried on continuously. The means of transport must be modernized, enlarged and operated at high speed, and cable cars, belt conveyers, and pipelines widely introduced to radically uplift the level of technical equipment in the field of transport, so that the increasing demands of the national economy for transport will be satisfied.

The technical revolution in the countryside must be powerfully accelerated to further consolidate the successes in the irrigation and electrification of agriculture, quickly complete chemicalization and comprehensive mechanization, so as to industrialize and modernize our agriculture.

The food industry must be further developed and modern kitchen utensils produced and supplied in greater quantities to free the women completely from the heavy burdens of household chores.

To proceed. We must energetically carry on the cultural revolution.

The cultural revolution is a struggle to wipe out cultural backwardness, the legacy of the old society, and create a socialist and communist culture. Only when the cultural revolution is pushed forward vigorously, can all members of society become fully developed men of a communist type and their cultural demands satisfied. Only then can the ideological and technical revolutions also be carried out successfully.

In the cultural revolution efforts should be directed first to education. Socialist education is the first process in training the new generation to be communist-type men; it is a highly important work to elevate the cultural and technical standards of the working people and train our own cadres. Education also serves as the basis for the development of other realms of cultural construction.

We must thoroughly implement the principles of socialist pedagogy and further advance educational work. We must guarantee universal eleven-year compulsory education qualitatively and bring up all members of the younger generation to be communistic men of a Juche type, equipped with profound knowledge, lofty morality and strong physique; and we must improve adult education to enable all the working people to attain the educational standard of the senior middle school graduate and master at least one modern technique in the near future. **(Loud applause.)**

While giving definitive priority to education, we must quickly develop all spheres of cultural construction. We must fully develop Juche-oriented science and technology, as well as revolutionary literature and arts, and thoroughly establish the socialist way of life in all aspects of social life.

The most important goal of our cultural revolution is to intellectualize the whole of society.

Intellectualizing the whole of society means training all members of society, after their working-classization, to be fully developed communist-type men with the cultural and technical standards of the university graduate. **(Loud, prolonged applause.)** Only when all members of society have become fully developed communist-type men through the intellectualization of the whole of society and the distinctions between mental and physical labour left over from the old society have been eliminated, can we say that the tasks of the cultural revolution have been finally fulfilled. **(Loud, prolonged applause.)**

If we are to intellectualize the whole society, we must see to it that all the working people attain the cultural and technical standards of the senior middle school graduate and then study under some kind or other of higher educational systems. When all the people study under the higher educational systems, the general cultural and technical standards of our society will be greatly elevated.

To make the cultural revolution a success, we must carry through the line of building a socialist national culture. In cultural construction we must properly develop our national characteristics, correctly embody the ideas and demands of the working class, prevent the cultural infiltration of imperialism and completely overcome the tendency to return to the past.

In order to carry out the ideological, technical and cultural revolutions successfully and accomplish the cause of socialism and communism, we must strengthen our Party and steadily develop Party work in depth.

The most important task in strengthening the Party is to establish the monolithic ideological system more firmly throughout the Party.

We must carry on this task substantially, regarding it as the cardinal aspect of our Party work. **(Stormy, prolonged applause.)** By intensifying ideological education, Party organizations must arm the entire membership solidly with our Party's revolutionary ideology and unite them more closely around its Central Committee. In this way they will achieve the unity of ideology and purpose of the whole Party and its revolutionary cohesion at a new height. **(All rise. Thunderous cheers of *manse* shaking the hall. Stormy, prolonged applause.)**

In order to strengthen the Party we must continue to build up its ranks.

Only when we build up the Party ranks with the advanced elements of the workers, farmers, soldiers, and working intellectuals and adequately prepare them politically and ideologically, can we safeguard the Party's organizational and ideological purity, steadily reinforce and develop the Party on a sound basis and enable it to fully play the vanguard role of the working masses.

The qualitative level of the Party ranks is determined primarily by the quality of the cadres. Only by improving their political and practical qualifications can we consolidate the ranks of Party hardcores and strengthen the whole of the Party. Party organizations must direct their primary attention to building up the ranks of cadres well and always educate all of them to work well while keeping fast to the Party and working-class positions.

Tightening Party organizational life is a fundamental principle in building the revolutionary working-class party; this is an important means of consolidating its ranks organizationally and ideologically.

The strengthening of Party organizational life requires its membership to participate in it voluntarily and actively. The political integrity of Party members can be preserved and enhanced only through their Party organizational life. With a high sense of pride in being honourable fighters of the Workers' Party of Korea, all our Party members must lead Party organizational life regularly and train themselves constantly through this life. **(Stormy applause.)**

Study holds a very important place in Party organizational life. If they do not study, Party members will not be able to keep up with the developing realities, satisfactorily carry out their revolutionary tasks or educate and lead the masses. Party members should acquire the revolutionary habit of studying and study hard, and the cadres, in particular, must study harder.

In order to reinforce the Party, we must constantly improve and perfect its work method. Improving the Party's work method concerns the question of perfecting the method of leadership, the art of leadership, for the masses. Accordingly, it is of great importance in increasing the Party's militancy and ability of leadership.

To improve the Party's work method we must, above all, do away with the administrative method in Party work. The administrative work method has nothing to do with Party work and it can never be tolerated in our Party. All Party organizations and officials must rid themselves of the administrative work method once and for all and conduct Party work strictly by the Party method, the political method. **(Loud, prolonged applause.)**

It is also important to rid Party work of the practice of undertaking administrative work. Instead of taking administrative and economic affairs upon themselves, Party organizations and officials should give political guidance; they should tirelessly explain and propagate the Party's economic policies to its members and working people and lead them to carry through the Party policies.

Party organizations and officials must break off the practice of abusing Party authority and drop bureaucratism and formalism. They must do all work in a responsible manner in the attitude of masters, and thoroughly equip themselves with the trait of working faithfully for the Party and the revolution, for the working class and the masses of the people.

In improving the method of its work our Party is adhering to the principle of applying the work method of the anti-Japanese guerrillas. As required by this work method, Party organizations and officials must get in touch with the realities, organize and mobilize the masses for the implementation of the Party policies by giving priority to political work in all undertakings, help and teach people at lower echelons, and lead the masses by setting practical examples themselves. **(Loud, prolonged applause.)**

3. Let Us Achieve the Independent, Peaceful Reunification of the Country

Comrades,

Reunifying our divided country is the greatest national duty and the most important revolutionary task for our Party and people.

The question of our country's reunification is essentially a question of taking back the territory and population robbed by the foreign imperialists and ensuring national sovereignty on a nationwide scale.

The master of Korea is the Korean people. The Korean people cannot tolerate the foreign imperialists partitioning their territory and trampling upon their national sovereignty. They must restore the lost national sovereignty and become the real master of Korea by ousting the foreign forces and reunifying the country. **(Loud, prolonged applause.)**

In the past our Party, keeping firmly to the Juche position, has tirelessly struggled for national reunification.

The basic policy consistently followed by our Party in the struggle for national reunification is to attain the goal independently by the Korean people themselves, free from any outside interference, and by peaceful means on the democratic principle. In accordance with this basic policy, and reflecting correctly the requirements of the developments in our country and the wishes of our nation, our Party presented on many occasions the most fair and reasonable proposals for national reunification acceptable to anyone, and exerted every possible effort for their realization.

The south Korean people, too, waged a tenacious struggle for the reunification of our divided country against the US imperialists and their henchmen, thus delivering telling blows to the enemies. Recently, the people from all walks of life in south Korea have fought vigorously demanding the repeal of the fascist "Revitalized Constitution" and the resignation of the traitorous, reactionary "government", in face of the unprecedentedly intensified brutal suppression of the reactionaries in power. The brave struggles waged incessantly by the south Korean people ever since liberation are righteous patriotic struggles for the democratization of the south Korean society and the hastening of the independent, peaceful reunification of the country. **(Loud applause.)**

The correct reunification policy of our Party and the Government of the Republic and the indefatigable struggle of the entire Korean people for its materialization have in recent years brought about some progress in the bid for the solution of the reunification question, but the road to the country's reunification is still beset with great difficulties and obstacles. The internal and external separatists including the US imperialists are not only opposed to the fair reunification proposals of our Party and the Government of the Republic, but also attempting to divide our country into "two Koreas" for ever.

The country's reunification is a unanimous, ardent desire of all our nation. Korea must be reunified at all costs, and never be divided into "two Koreas". Our people have lived as a homogeneous nation in the same land for thousands of years. They have one spoken and written language, and their history and cultural traditions are the same. Our country has no national minority. That our people who have lived as a homogeneous nation in a unified state for ages should be divided into two in our times, is impermissible either from the viewpoint of the communist ideas or from the standpoint of the nationalist ideas. We must crush by all means the separatists' attempt to create "two Koreas", prevent the permanent division of the nation, and open the doors of reunification as soon as possible. **(Loud, prolonged applause.)**

The country's independent, peaceful reunification requires, first of all, the elimination of foreign interference which is the main barrier to reunification.

The chief outside force that stands in the way of our country's independent, peaceful reunification is US imperialism. US imperialism is the very criminal that occupied south Korea by force of arms and has spelled the pains of national division for our parents, brothers, wives and children to be separated between the north and the south for as long as 30 years, and is the archvillain that is now attempting to divide our country for ever with its "two Koreas" policy. In the past period the US imperialists invaded our country, manoeuvred to partition our nation and perpetrated all kinds of bestial barbarities under the UN flag.

With a view to achieving the country's independent, peaceful reunification, our Party and the Government of the Republic have struggled tirelessly to remove the cap of "UN force" from the US imperialist army of aggression that occupies south Korea and to get all of them to withdraw. Our just struggle has won positive support and encouragement from the progressive people the world over. **(Loud, prolonged applause.)**

Finding it impossible to justify their army's occupation of south Korea any longer with the help of the UN flag, the US imperialists have recently invented a new trick. They have submitted to the 30th session of the UN General Assembly a "resolution" on the dissolution of the "UN Command". This is no more than a poor farce designed to win public favour and fool the world public opinion and, in fact, remain in south Korea in another cap substituting the cap of "UN force".

The "UN force" in south Korea is precisely US troops and, therefore, the dissolution of the "UN Command" and the withdrawal of the US troops are questions absolutely inseparable from each other. The mere dissolution of the "UN Command" without the withdrawal of the US troops from south Korea is, in fact, of little effect in bringing about the independent, peaceful reunification of our country. The US imperialists should drop their silly trick of fraudulence and withdraw all their troops in south Korea, simultaneously with the dissolution of the "UN Command".

For the independent, peaceful reunification of our country the Armistice Agreement should be replaced by a peace agreement on condition that the US imperialist army of aggression is withdrawn from south Korea. **(Loud applause.)**

Being an agreement to suspend hostilities, the Korean Armistice Agreement is not an agreement which completely guarantees peace in Korea. At present our country enjoys no lasting peace but is in a state of temporary ceasefire; it is constantly exposed to the threat of invasion on the part of the US imperialists.

The US imperialists have introduced large quantities of modern weapons of destruction including nuclear weapons and military equipment into south Korea and deployed them near the Military Demarcation Line, and egg the warlike elements in south Korea on to perpetrate military provocations against our Republic every day. Particularly after they had been defeated and driven out of Indochina, the US imperialists declared south Korea a "forward defence zone" of the United States, and are threatening us by speaking out that when a war breaks out in Korea the US forces will intervene on a full scale and open hostilities, and even "will not hesitate to use nuclear weapons".

While behaving like this, the US imperialists are making an outcry about a "threat of invasion from the north". They are noisily speaking that the US troops stay in south Korea to stop the "threat of invasion from the north" and that they cannot withdraw their forces because there is this "threat" even now.

There has never been a "threat of invasion from the north" noisily talked about by the US imperialists and the south Korean authorities, nor does it exist even now. We have more than once made it known clearly that we do not want to "invade the south". It is unequivocally pointed out in the North-South Joint Statement that the north and the south should reunify the country peacefully without resorting to arms. It is an invariable policy of our Party and the Government of the Republic that we will not go to arms on any account as long as the enemy leaves us alone.

We insist that a peace agreement be signed between the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the United States to eliminate the danger of another war and guarantee a durable peace in Korea.

Concrete measures are needed to remove the state of military confrontation between the north and the south following the conclusion of a DPRK-US peace agreement and the withdrawal of US troops from south Korea.

Before anything else, the armed forces of north and south should be cut drastically. We maintain that the military strength of north and south be reduced to 100,000 or less each. At the same time,

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ON THE OCCASION OF 30TH ANNIVERSARY OF FOUNDATION OF WORKERS' PARTY OF KOREA

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the north and the south should stop arms race and military reinforcement and discontinue the introduction of weapons and war equipment from outside. We must thus create real conditions for maintaining and consolidating peace in our country and for its independent, peaceful reunification.

In order to reunify the country independently and peacefully, a national united front should be formed for the whole country on the principle of great national unity.

Reunifying the country is an undertaking for the good of the whole nation, and a national task feasible only when the whole nation unites efforts and struggles for it in firm unity. The formation of a broad national united front for the whole country on the principle of great national unity is a major guarantee for the country's independent, peaceful reunification. **(Loud, prolonged applause.)**

Everyone who loves the country and the people and wants national reunification must rally under the banner of reunification apart from the differences in ideologies, ideals, social systems and religious beliefs. On no account can these differences be a barrier to unity between the Communists and the nationalists, between people from all walks of life, in their endeavours for the reunification of the country.

In their struggle for reunifying the divided country, the Communists in the north and the south Korean nationalists can quite possibly unite and cooperate. The struggle for reunification is a struggle not between the Communists and the nationalists but between patriots and traitors and between the forces of national independence and the imperialist forces of aggression. Although we, the Communists, and the nationalists in south Korea live under different social systems and differ in ideologies and political views, there can be no contradiction between them as long as the reunification question is concerned. Now when even countries and peoples with differing social systems are fighting in concert for a common goal, why cannot we Communists and south Korean nationalists of one and the same descent and nation join hands in the bid for national reunification?

Just as the Communists and other people of all social sections formed a broad anti-Japanese national united front under the banner of fatherland restoration and made common cause in the anti-Japanese struggle in the past, so the people in the northern half of the Republic and people from all walks of life in south Korea—workers, peasants, youth and students, journalists, religious men and politicians—should now form a national united front on a nationwide scale under the banner of national reunification and come out as one in the solemn struggle for the country's independent, peaceful reunification. **(Loud, prolonged applause.)**

In order to form a broad national united front which covers the whole nation, the north and the south should respect and have faith in each other and endeavour to find common denominators instead of differences.

We do not antagonize the nationalists in south Korea nor do we seek to force our ideology and social system on south Korea.

We are ready to hold negotiations at any time with all political parties including the Democratic Republican Party, social organizations and individual personages in south Korea on the reunification question, and to unite and collaborate with them in the cause of national reunification.

If the south Korean authorities truly wish national union and reunification, they must stop their "anti-communist" clamours against the northern half of the Republic, revoke the "anti-communist law" and desist from suppressing the Communists and patriots in south Korea. They must change their "anti-communist" policy to the policy of alliance with communism.

Loudly advocating the so-called "confrontation with the accompaniment of dialogue", "competition with the accompaniment of dialogue" and "coexistence with the accompaniment of dialogue", the south Korean authorities are stirring up feelings of antagonism against the northern half of the Republic. This is an act of treachery to the nation aimed at hampering great national unity and freezing the national division, thus keeping our country divided for ever into "two Koreas". Confrontation and competition lead straight to division, while unity and collaboration, to reunification. We maintain that the north and the south must unite, collaborate and be unified rather than going in for confrontation, competition and coexistence. **(Loud, prolonged applause.)**

The institution of a north-south Confederation is the most reasonable way to achieve national union and hasten the independent, peaceful reunification of the country. The north-south Confederation we are proposing purports that while maintaining the present political institutions of the north and the south as they are for the time being, a Supreme National Council is formed with representatives of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the south Korean "Government" to settle matters of common national concern in a coordinated way and conduct external activities as a single state under the one nomenclature of the Confederal Republic of Koryo. This will make it possible to guarantee the coordinated development of our nation in all fields of political, economic, military, cultural and foreign affairs, successfully bring about unity and collaboration between the north and the south, and to hasten the complete reunification of the country. **(Loud applause.)**

Being a wise people with a strong sense of independence, lofty patriotism, great capacity for united action and strong fighting will, the Korean people can fully solve their national affairs by themselves.

In firm unity under the banner of national reunification, all the people in north and south Korea will finally smash the manoeuvres of the separatists within and without to rig up "two Koreas" and will achieve the historic cause of national reunification by all means after driving out the US imperialist aggressors from our land. **(All rise. Thunderous cheers of *manse* rocking the hall. Stormy, prolonged applause.)**

4. Let Us Unite with the Peoples of the World Who Advocate Independence

Comrades,

During the past 30 years of our Party's existence a great revolutionary change has taken place in the international arena and the look of the world has undergone a radical change. **(Stormy, prolonged applause.)** The international communist and working-class movements and the national-liberation and democratic movements have won great victories, while the reactionary forces of imperialism have been greatly weakened and decayed.

Socialism has emerged from the bounds of one country and developed on a worldwide scale. Socialism has triumphed in many countries of Asia and Europe; it has also won in a Latin-American country.

After World War II violent storms of revolution against imperialism and colonialism swept across the Asian, African and Latin-American continents, and hundreds of millions of people who had been oppressed and humiliated for centuries attained national independence and embarked on the road of independent development. **(Stormy applause.)** The third world, a great anti-imperialist revolutionary force of our time, was born of the fierce flames of the national-liberation struggle to enter the arena of history.

The third world is now a dependable ally of the socialist forces, and a great motive force to propel the history of mankind. Many peoples of the third world are heading for socialism and fighting hand in hand with the peoples of the socialist countries for a common cause. **(Loud, prolonged applause.)**

Serious contradictions exist as ever between the third world countries and the imperialists, and a fierce struggle is going on between them. Not only the imperialists oppressed and plundered the third world countries for a long time in the past. Even after these countries attained national independence, they are operating viciously to invade and loot them by neo-colonialist means. Under the circumstances in which the imperialists' aggression and plunder of these countries continue, it is inevitable that the third world countries should fight against imperialism.

Today the third world forms the battle front where the anti-imperialist struggle is raging most fiercely. It has a great many revolutionary countries, and the anti-imperialist struggle of the third world countries is delivering a tottering blow to the imperialists. **(Loud applause.)**

The revolutionary struggle of the working class and working people in the capitalist countries against the oppression and exploitation by capital and for the right of existence and socialism has also gained in scope and strength. **(Loud applause.)**

In contrast to the rapid growth of the international revolutionary forces, the imperialist forces have become decisively weakened. In particular, the US imperialists have rapidly declined under severe blows from the revolutionary peoples of the world. After World War II US imperialism viciously attempted to win world domination. While carrying on aggressive wars and subversive activities against the socialist and progressive countries in stubborn pursuance of its "policy of strength", it stretched out its tentacles of aggression to many countries of the world by using dollars as a bait. However, the aggressive designs of the US imperialists were frustrated and suffered repeated setbacks everywhere.

The imperialists are now gasping in a serious economic crisis unprecedented in history. The internal contradictions of the imperialist countries have become more aggravated and the discord between the imperialist powers has grown acute. The imperialists are hard hit from within and without and repudiated and isolated by the people. **(Loud applause.)**

Ours is an age of independence. **(Stormy, prolonged applause.)** Today many peoples on the globe call for independence and are fighting against all manner of subordination. No nation will tolerate others trampling upon its independence. Even the peoples of capitalist countries claim independence, not to speak of the peoples of the socialist and the third world countries. It is the main trend of our time which no force can check that the world people go in for independence and many countries take the road of independence. **(Stormy applause.)**

Comrades, ever since its inception the Workers' Party of Korea has pursued an independent foreign policy.

With a view to achieving the independent, peaceful reunification of the country and the nationwide victory of the Korean revolution and expediting the final victory of the world revolution, our Party set it forth as an important revolutionary line to strengthen the international revolutionary forces and cement solidarity with them, and has consistently pursued this line. **(Stormy applause.)**

In the past period our Party has made vigorous endeavours to strengthen the cohesion of the socialist countries and the unity of the international communist movement; support the anti-imperialist national-liberation struggle of the oppressed peoples and the revolutionary movements of all peoples; develop friendship and cooperation with all countries, including the third world nations, that are friendly towards our country; repudiate the imperialist policy of aggression and war; and achieve world peace and the progress of mankind. **(Stormy applause.)**

Our Party has firmly maintained independence in its external activities. It has developed its relations with other parties and countries on the principles of complete equality and mutual respect; it has always solved all problems arising in the field of foreign affairs independently according to its own judgment and decision, proceeding from the interests of the Korean revolution.

Thanks to our Party's independent foreign policy and its vigorous external activities, the foreign relations of our Party and the Government of the Republic have expanded markedly, and the international solidarity of our revolution has been further strengthened. **(Loud, prolonged applause.)** Today our people have a great number of friends and sympathizers all over the world. This clearly proves the correctness and vitality of our Party's independent foreign policy. **(Loud applause.)**

Availing myself of this opportunity, I would like to express heartfelt gratitude to the fraternal parties, to the fraternal socialist countries, the third world nations and the governments and peoples of many other countries of the world that have actively supported and encouraged the revolutionary cause of our Party and our people in the past. **(Stormy, prolonged applause.)**

It is the invariable principle of our Party's foreign policy to strengthen and develop unity and cooperation with the peoples of the world who advocate independence. Standing together and promoting friendship and cooperation with the world's peoples who espouse independence, is an important guarantee for creating an international atmosphere conducive to our revolution, for reinforcing the international revolutionary forces and quickening the victory of the world revolution.

As in the past, so in the future, too, the Workers' Party of Korea will strive to strengthen the unity and cohesion of the international communist movement and the socialist forces, and to promote friendship and cooperation with all the socialist countries. **(Stormy applause.)**

It is an internationalist duty of the Communists and the progressive people of the world to cement solidarity with the peoples who are fighting against imperialist aggression and for national independence, and to render active support and encouragement to their just struggle. The Workers' Party of Korea will strongly support and encourage the anti-imperialist national-liberation struggle of the Asian, African and Latin-American peoples and strive to cement solidarity with them. **(Stormy applause.)**

The Workers' Party of Korea will further strengthen and develop unity and cooperation with the revolutionary countries of the third world, the countries belonging to the newly emerging forces, and fight stoutly hand in hand with them against imperialist and colonialist aggression and plunder and for the victory of the common cause of the progressive people the world over. **(Stormy applause.)**

The third world countries, the countries of the newly emerging forces, were once imperialism's colonies or semi-colonies. These countries won national independence and have embarked on the building of a new society.

If the third world countries are to repulse imperialist aggression and plunder, consolidate national independence and bring about prosperity, they must maintain independence. Independence is vital to a country and nation. Only when independence is maintained is it possible to defend the dignity of the country and nation and build a prosperous new society. **(Loud applause.)**

Self-reliance in the economy is the material basis of independence. Failing economic independence, subordination to another country is unavoidable and freedom from colonial slavery is impossible. Economic dependence gives rise to political subordination, and economic inequality leads to political inequality. If the third world countries are to maintain independence, they must build an independent national economy by all means.

Strengthening unity and cooperation among the third world countries is an important guarantee of victory in the revolutionary cause. Only by helping and supporting each other in firm union can these countries frustrate the aggression and subversive acts of the imperialists, consolidate national independence, and successfully solve the difficult and complex problems arising in the building of a new society. Strengthening their unity and cooperation has become more urgent particularly because the imperialists have grown undisguised of late in their stratagems against the third world peoples.

The third world peoples have a good ground to unite and cooperate with each other. All of them suffered from the imperialists' oppression and exploitation before, and are now struggling to achieve national independence and build a new society. The commonness in their past lots and their current struggles provides a good ground for their unity as one. The differences in institutions, political views and religious beliefs offer no obstacle to the third world peoples' cooperation under the banner of anti-imperialism and independence.

These peoples must closely unite with each other on the principle of independence. If they strive in firm union on this principle, they are fully capable of defeating any imperialist and settling all matters in the international arena in the interests of the progressive people. **(Loud, prolonged applause.)**

The united strength of the third world peoples is now exerting a great influence on the world politics. In the international arena many problems are now correctly solved by the united efforts of the third world peoples. The third world peoples should wage a struggle in firmer unity to put an end to the arbitrary actions of the imperialists in the international arena, and convert the unfair international organizations manipulated by big powers into organizations geared to the benefit of the progressive people of the world. **(Loud, prolonged applause.)**

The third world countries should not only unite politically but also closely cooperate economically. They have great potentialities for economic cooperation. They have rich natural resources and possess lots of experiences and techniques to exchange. If these countries strengthen economic and technical cooperation on the principle of filling each other's needs, they can reach great achievements and make rapid progress even without relying on big powers. **(Loud, prolonged applause.)**

Through united efforts the third world peoples should humble the imperialists' pride, and build a new society free from imperialism and colonialism, plunder and exploitation. **(Stormy applause.)**

Holding high the banner of Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism and the revolutionary banner of anti-imperialism and independence, the Workers' Party of Korea and the Korean people will, in unity with the peoples of the world who champion independence, repudiate imperialism and colonialism and continue to fight stoutly for the victory of the cause of peace, democracy, national independence, socialism and communism. **(All rise. Thunderous cheers of *manse* shaking the hall. Stormy, prolonged applause.)**

Comrades,

In the past 30 years the Workers' Party of Korea has led the masses of the people to accomplish great exploits in the revolutionary struggle and construction work. **(Stormy, prolonged applause.)**

Our Party has splendidly applied the Juche idea to the revolutionary practice and clearly demonstrated its correctness and vitality. **(Stormy, prolonged applause.)**

Today the Juche idea brightly illumines the road ahead of our Party and inspires our people to new victories. **(Stormy, prolonged applause.)**

Our Party and people who are fighting for their just revolutionary cause under the leadership of the Party Central Committee will be ever victorious. **(All rise. Thunderous cheers of *manse* rocking the hall. Stormy, prolonged applause.)**

Let us all rally firmly around the Party Central Committee under the banner of Marxism-Leninism, the revolutionary banner of the Juche idea, and vigorously advance for the independent, peaceful reunification of the country and the nationwide victory of the revolution, for the cause of socialism and communism. **(All rise. Thunderous cheers of *manse* rocking the hall. Stormy, prolonged applause.)**

Long live the 30th birthday of the glorious Workers' Party of Korea! **(All rise. Shouts of "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" Enthusiastic cheers shaking the hall. Stormy, prolonged applause.)**

Speech Delivered by the Respected and Beloved Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea,

at the Banquet Given in Honour of the 30th Anniversary of the Founding of the WPK

Comrades,

Today we are solemnly commemorating the 30th anniversary of the founding of the glorious Workers' Party of Korea with a great revolutionary confidence and victors' pride.

On the occasion of this festive day I offer my warm congratulations to our Comrade Party Members, workers, farmers, soldiers, working intellectuals, and all the other people who have valiantly fought for the foundation of our Party and its consolidation and development, for the reunification and independence of the country and for the accomplishment of socialist and communist cause.

I warmly congratulate Comrade Representatives of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification and south Korean revolutionaries who are present here with us celebrating our Party's gala day. I also send militant greetings to the revolutionaries and people in south Korea who, despite the fascist repression by the US imperialists and their stooges, are indefatigably struggling for the democratization of south Korean society and the country's reunification.

I also warmly congratulate the members of various delegations of the Koreans in Japan celebrating this holiday with us in the homeland and extend fervent greetings to the workers of Chongryon (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan) and 600,000 Koreans in Japan and all our compatriots abroad who are unyieldingly struggling for their democratic national rights and for their socialist fatherland.

Present at this congratulatory banquet are delegations of the fraternal parties, governments and social organizations, personages from different social quarters, and many other foreign comrades and friends who are on a visit to our country. I cordially welcome these delegations from many countries and foreign friends who are here with us to celebrate our feast day.

Comrades,

Because they had no revolutionary party in the past, the working class and working people of our country suffered many setbacks and went through vicissitudes in the revolutionary struggle, and were subjected to a bitter colonial slavery for a long time.

The true Communists of Korea from the new generation keenly realized the burning desire of our people and the demands of the time, and resolutely rose in the struggle to found a revolutionary party of a new type. In the crucible of the arduous anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle which was waged for over 20 years, we trained revolutionary hardcores who were to carry forward the Korean revolution and laid the solid groundwork for the foundation of our Party.

The struggle to set up our Party was beset with indescribable difficulties and witnessed heart-rending sacrifices. In this struggle many Communists and revolutionaries shed blood and laid down their precious lives.

Recalling with deep emotions those revolutionary comrades who fell fighting in the bloody struggle to build the Party, going through all hardships and trials, the revolutionary comrades who did not live to see the liberation of the country to which they had so eagerly aspired and are not with us here on this festive day, I pay a high tribute to them, these revolutionary martyrs, who departed us. The lofty exploits they performed for the Party and the revolution will shine for ever in the history of our Party.

We liberated the country and announced the establishment of our Party to the whole world and thus realized with credit the ardent desire of the Korean Communists and our people and opened up bright prospects for the Korean revolution.

The foundation of our Party marked the advent of a new era, the era of the glorious Workers' Party resplendent with great transformations and creations, in the history of our country and in the advancement of the Korean revolution.

It seems only yesterday that we founded the Party, but 30 years have already passed since then. Of course 30 years is not a very long time in the history of a nation or in the annals of the communist movement. But in this period our Party has done a great deal for the liberty and well-being of the people, for the prosperity and thriving of the country. By carrying out the democratic and socialist revolutions our Party abolished for good all forms of exploitation and oppression. It has vigorously accelerated the building of socialism and turned our once poor and backward country into a socialist industrial state with the firm foundations of an independent national economy.

Over the past 30 years, under the wise leadership of the Party, our country has carried out great changes in all the political, economic and cultural fields; society and nature as well as people have changed beyond recognition. In the era of the Workers' Party, Korea which once fell into oblivion has made a worldwide name as a powerful, dignified, independent and sovereign socialist state.

With the progress of the revolution over the past period, our Party has continued to grow. When we set about organizing the Party 30 years ago, it had only a few thousand members, but now it has become a large Party with a membership of two millions. The ranks of our Party now consist of the veteran revolutionaries who, from the years of the anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle, have fought undergoing every hardship and ordeal, the old members who, from the first days of its founding, have unwaveringly followed the road of revolution carrying its banner, and of the new, young members who have grown up in the fruitful struggle for the building of a new country. This shows that our Party is a seasoned party which, born of deep historical roots, has grown up through the long years of revolutionary struggle, a party with a promising future, with inexhaustible vitality and potentialities.

In revolutionary storms our Party has been tempered into an indestructible force. It waged an armed struggle, has struggled for economic construction, and fought domestic class enemies as well as foreign imperialist aggressors. In this course it has been tried and tested and gained a wealth of experiences.

Our Party has won a great victory for the Juche idea and brought about a firm unity of the Party ranks in ideology and purpose through the fierce struggle against the opportunist ideological trends of all hues, such as factionalism, parochialism, dogmatism and revisionism, as well as all sorts of unhealthy ideological residues detrimental to the Party's unity and cohesion. The attainment of the firm unity and cohesion of the Party based on the Juche idea is a great victory that gladdens us more than anything else today when we are celebrating the 30th birthday of the Party.

For its devoted services to the country and the people and for its great exploits in and tremendous contributions to the struggle for socialism and communism, our Party has won unreserved support and deep trust from our people. The entire Korean people now highly praise the Workers' Party of Korea as the "Mother Party", expressing their unbounded faith in and loyalty to it, and are afire with a firm determination to follow it towards communism, entrusting their destiny entirely to it.

At present the situation of our Party is very good and its prospects are optimistic.

Today we are very glad to commemorate the 30th birthday of our Party with a deep satisfaction over the great achievements made in the past three decades and with an immovable confidence that it will finally accomplish the cause of communism under the banner of Marxism-Leninism and the Juche idea.

Comrades,

The Korean revolution has as yet a long, difficult way to go. We must reunify the divided country and build a blissful land on our soil of 3,000 *ri* for all our 50 million people to lead a happy life.

The struggle for national reunification is a very difficult and arduous struggle. If we are to reunify the country, we will have to fight the US imperialist, the chieftain of world imperialism, as well as all the counterrevolutionary forces within and without that are instigated by the former. In this struggle we shall have to go through hardships, and must be ready to sacrifice ourselves.

The struggle for the building of socialism and communism is by no means an easy struggle, either. To attain this end, we will have to surmount many difficulties and ordeals and carry the revolution through to the end down through generations.

We must do everything possible to strengthen our Party, the General Staff of the revolution, if we are to carry out these difficult and tremendous revolutionary tasks successfully. The future of the Korean revolution and the destiny of our people hinge on whether or not we constantly strengthen and develop our Party into a revolutionary vanguard organization of the working class, and herein lies the decisive guarantee for the victory of the revolution.

Unity and cohesion based on Marxism-Leninism and the Juche idea are the life and soul of our Party and the source of its indestructible strength. We must establish the monolithic ideological system more firmly in the whole Party and continue to solidly ensure the unity of the Party ranks in ideology and purpose as well as their revolutionary cohesion. All of the veteran revolutionaries, old Party members and young functionaries should stand together closely and join efforts to build up our Party more solidly.

While strengthening the Party, it is important to closely rally the entire people around it. A Party divorced from the people, a Party that has failed to rally the masses around itself, cannot be a strong party nor can it carry out the revolution and construction properly. Our Party should always staunchly champion the working people's interests and faithfully serve them, thereby strengthening its ties with the people and rallying all of them around itself more closely.

We must continue to vigorously push ahead with socialist construction. Only when we carry it out successfully, is it possible to reunify the country, win independence on a nationwide scale and accomplish the socialist and communist cause with credit. By vigorously carrying on the three revolutions—ideological, technical and cultural, we must further consolidate our revolutionary base politically, economically and militarily, and advance our revolution onto a new, higher plane. All the Party members and working people must keep accelerating the battle for grand socialist construction vigorously, not in the least slackening the spirit in which they fulfilled the Six-Year Plan ahead of schedule, and valiantly advance towards a new eminence of socialism.

Even now when we are celebrating the 30th anniversary of the Party, the south Korean people are groaning under the diabolical fascist rule of the US imperialists and their stooges. At this moment too, numerous south Korean revolutionaries and patriots are waging an unyielding struggle, waiting for our helping hand, and broad patriotic people are out in the national-salvation struggle, looking up to the northern half of the Republic as a beacon of hope. We must not forget even for a moment our brothers in south Korea who are suffering under the tyranny of US imperialism and its underlings, and must actively support and encourage the south Korean revolutionaries and people in their righteous struggle. By the active endeavours of the north and south Korean people the barriers of division will be torn down, the severed blood ties of the nation will be linked again, and the day will surely come when all our people enjoy a happy life in a reunified country.

Our Party must make strenuous efforts to strengthen its solidarity with the international revolutionary forces. We must continue to strive to expand the ranks of supporters and sympathizers for our revolution and actively support and encourage all the peoples of the world in their revolutionary struggle against imperialism for national independence and social progress. In the future, as in the past, the Workers' Party of Korea, holding aloft the banner of Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism and the revolutionary banner of anti-imperialist, anti-US struggle, will continue to fight staunchly for the triumph of the cause of peace, democracy, national independence, socialism and communism in unity with the socialist countries, with the Communist and Workers' parties, the international working class, the third world countries and with all the progressive peoples of the world.

Comrades,

In the course of its struggle over the past 30 years our Party has made great achievements which will go down in history, and clearly proved the justice of its cause and its unfailing vitality.

Indeed, the 30 years covered by our Party have been 30 years of struggle and advance, 30 years of victory and glory. The immortal exploits performed by our Party over the past 30 years will be gold-lettered in the history of the communist movement in our country.

With its 30 years' history adorned with victories and glories, our Party has a still more brilliant future before it. Our Party that struggles for the just revolutionary cause under the banner of the Juche idea, will be ever victorious in the future too.

Let us all unite firmly around the Party Central Committee under the banner of Marxism-Leninism, the revolutionary banner of the Juche idea, and march forward vigorously for national reunification and the nationwide victory of the revolution, for the completion of the cause of socialism and communism.

On this festive occasion marking the 30th anniversary of the glorious Workers' Party of Korea, I propose to give a toast to the constant strengthening and development of our Party; to the health of all our Party members who have fought with all devotion for the revolution holding high the Party's banner; to the health of our heroic working class, cooperative farmers, working intellectuals and all other working people who have untiringly travelled the road of loyalty under the Party's leadership; to the health of Comrade Representatives of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification and the south Korean revolutionaries; to the health of the members of various Chongryon delegations visiting the homeland and the entire 600,000 compatriots in Japan;

To the health of the Delegation of the Spanish Communist Party headed by Comrade Santiago Carrillo, General Secretary of the SCP;

To the health of Comrade Emil Bobu, Member of the Executive Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Romanian Communist Party, Secretary of its Central Committee and Vice-President of the State Council of the Romanian Socialist Republic;

To the health of the Delegation of the Cuban Communist Party headed by Comrade Guillermo Garcia Frias, Member of the Political Bureau of the Party Central Committee and Deputy Prime Minister of the Revolutionary Government of the Republic of Cuba;

To the health of the Delegation of the Togolese People's Rally headed by His Excellency Yaya Malou, Member of its Political Bureau and Minister of National Education of the Republic of Togo;

To the health of Madame Sunephra Rupasinghe, Secretary of the Prime Minister's Office of Coordination and Member of the Foreign Affairs Committee of the Republic of Sri Lanka, and her party;

To the health of the Delegation of the Mozambique Liberation Front headed by His Excellency Joaquim Munhepe, Member of its Central Committee;

To the health of the Delegation of the People's National Congress Party of Guyana headed by His Excellency B. Ramsaroop, Chairman of the Party and Minister of Parliamentary Affairs;

To the health of the Delegation of the Hungarian Patriotic People's Front headed by Comrade Bugar Janosne, Member of the Central Committee of the Hungarian Socialist Workers' Party and Vice-Chairman of the National Council of the Front;

To the health of the Delegation of the Costa Rican Socialist Party headed by His Excellency Alvaro Montero Mejia, General Secretary of its Central Committee;

To the health of the Government Delegation of the Republic of Uganda headed by His Excellency Henry K.M. Kyemba, Minister of Health;

To the health of the Delegation of the Party of National Unity and Progress of Burundi headed by His Excellency Barahinduka Jean, Member of its Central Committee, First Secretary of the Muyinga Provincial Party Committee and Governor of Muyinga Province;

To the health of the Delegation of the Mauritanian People's Party headed by His Excellency Fall Malik, Member of its National Council, Honorary Chairman of the Workers' Union and Secretary of the 3rd District Party Committee of Nouakchott;

To the health of the Delegation of the Lao Patriotic Front headed by His Excellency Sanan Souththichak, Member and Propaganda Director of its Central Committee, Representative of the Front in Vientiane and Member of the National Coalition Political Council of Laos;

To the health of the Delegation of the Japan Socialist Party headed by Mr. Isamu Akamatsu, Vice-Chairman of its Central Executive Committee, and other foreign delegations and diplomatic envoys who are here at this place to celebrate our holiday; and

To the health of all comrades present here.

The Great Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG Arranges Grand Banquet

on the 30th Birthday of the Workers' Party of Korea

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the founder and guide of our Party, arranged a grand banquet at the People's Palace of Culture on the evening of October 10 in celebration of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the Workers' Party of Korea.

Present at the banquet were Vice-President Kang Ryang Uk, and Comrades Kim Dong Gyu, Choe Hyon, O Jin U, So Chol, Pak Sung Chul, Rim Chun Chu, Yang Hyong Sop, Li Yong Mu, Han Ik Su, Yon Hyong Muk, Chon Mun Sop, Kim Yong Nam, Ho Dam, Hyon Mu Gwang, Chong Jun Gi, Kim Jung Rin, Kang Song San, Choe Jae U, Kong Jin Tae, Hong Won Gil, Nam Il, Hwang Jang Yop and O Baek Ryong and all the delegates who attended the commemoration of the 30th anniversary of the foundation of the glorious Workers' Party of Korea.

Invited to the banquet were comrades delegates of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification and members of delegations of Chongryon (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan) visiting the homeland.

Also invited to the banquet were delegations of various countries on a visit to our country and diplomatic envoys of different countries in Pyongyang.

To the strains of the welcome music the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, entered the banquet hall.

All the attendants of the banquet warmly welcomed the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung with stormy applause and rousing cheers of "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" shaking the hall.

A delegate of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification, the head of the home-visiting group of Korean youth sports, culture and art circle members in Japan and heads of delegations of various countries staying in our country entered the banquet hall.

The banquet began with the playing of the Patriotic Song.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, made a speech at the banquet.

As the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung concluded his speech, all the attendants of the banquet enthusiastically welcomed the speech of the great leader with stormy applause and standing ovation of "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" rocking the hall.

Comrade Kim Dong Gyu, Member of the Political Committee, and Secretary, of the CC of the WPK, made a toast at the banquet.

The attendants of the banquet drank a toast reverentially wishing good health and a long life to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the founder and guide of our Party and tender-hearted father of our people, for the reunification and eternal prosperity of our fatherland, for the happiness of all our generations to come and for the final victory of the cause of socialism and communism.

At the banquet representatives of the workers, peasants, soldiers and working intellectuals and anti-Japanese revolutionary fighters courteously offered toasts to the fatherly leader, reverentially wishing good health and a long life to the great leader who founded the revolutionary Party of Juche type and has led it sagaciously, thus bringing about epochal changes in this land and bringing immense happiness to our people.

An art performance was given by the artists of the Mansudae Art Troupe at the banquet.

The banquet closed with the singing in chorus of the song "Long Life and Good Health to the Leader".

When the banquet was over, thousands of colourful fireworks were let off, beautifully decorating the night sky over the capital significantly celebrating the 30th birthday of the Workers' Party of Korea.

Ceremony for Presenting Letters of Allegiance of Entire Korean People to Fatherly Leader on 30th Birthday of Glorious Workers' Party of Korea and Mass Gymnastic Display "Following the Banner of Great Juche" Held in the Presence of Great Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG

A ceremony for presenting letters of allegiance reverentially addressed by the entire Korean people to the fatherly leader on the 30th anniversary of the founding of the glorious Workers' Party of Korea and the mass gymnastic display "Following the Banner of Great Juche" by Pyongyang students and children were held with splendour in the presence of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung at the Moranbong Stadium on the morning of October 10.

A portrait of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the founder and guide of our Party, was set up with due respect at the Moranbong Stadium.

Occupying the reserved seats on either side of the rostrum were the delegates who had attended the commemoration of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the glorious Workers' Party of Korea.

Also taking seats there were the home-visiting group of Chongryon functionaries, the third home-visiting group of Korean educational workers in Japan and the delegation of the trading company of Chongryon (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan).

Delegations from different countries, diplomatic envoys in Pyongyang and foreign guests also took reserved seats.

At 10 sharp, Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great leader of our Party and our people, appeared on the rostrum amid the welcome music.

At that moment the words "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" "Long live the glorious Workers' Party of Korea!" "Highest glory to the great leader!" were inscribed on the background of the stadium in rapid succession and stormy cheers "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and thunderous applause rocked the wide stadium, repeated gun salvoes scattering countless toy parachutes in the blue sky and thousands of balloons soaring high to present a picture of floral clouds.

The cheers "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" grew louder when a member of the Juvenile Corps respectfully presented a bouquet of flowers to the fatherly leader.

The rostrum was taken by Vice-President Kang Ryang Uk and Comrades Kim Dong Gyu, Choe Hyon, O Jin U, So Chol, Pak Sung Chul, Yang Hyong Sop, Chon Mun Sop, Kim Yong Nam, Ho Dam, Chong Jun Gi and Kong Jin Tae.

Son Jong Hui, Director of the Political Department of the Central Standing Committee of Chongryon and head of the home-visiting group of sports, culture and art circles of Korean youth in Japan, also mounted the rostrum.

Invited to take the rostrum were the heads of the foreign delegations and prominent foreign figures visiting our country.

The ceremony for presenting letters of allegiance reverentially addressed by the entire Korean people to the great leader on the 30th anniversary of the foundation of the glorious Workers' Party of Korea took place.

The band struck up the welcome music and never-ending thunderous applause shook the air when the members of the home-visiting group of sports, culture and art circles of Korean youth in Japan respectfully presented a letter carrying the allegiance of the 600,000 compatriots in Japan to the respected and beloved leader.

Then the members of the relay delegations for conveying letters of loyalty of the officers and men of the Korean People's Army, public security men and soldiers of the Korean People's Security Forces, men of culture and art, working people in the fields of transportation and communications and the people of the provinces (and cities under the central authority) respectfully presented to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung letters carrying the boundless reverence and ardent allegiance of the entire Korean people.

Then followed in the stadium the performance of the mass gymnastic display "Following the Banner of Great Juche" in which 35,000 primary school children and senior middle school students in Pyongyang took part.

The mass gymnastic display "Following the Banner of Great Juche" consisting of the prelude, seven scenes and finale presents a stirring grand epic canvas of gymnastic art vividly depicting the immortal revolutionary feats of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the founder of the undying Juche idea and genius of revolution, who, by leading the anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle to victory through unprecedentedly arduous and rigorous tests, accomplished the historical cause of the restoration of the fatherland and established the glorious revolutionary traditions which form the eternal cornerstone of our Party and revolution and the shining history of 30 years in which our Party recorded years of gigantic struggle and advancement, changes and victories along the highway of Juche under the wise leadership of the great leader.

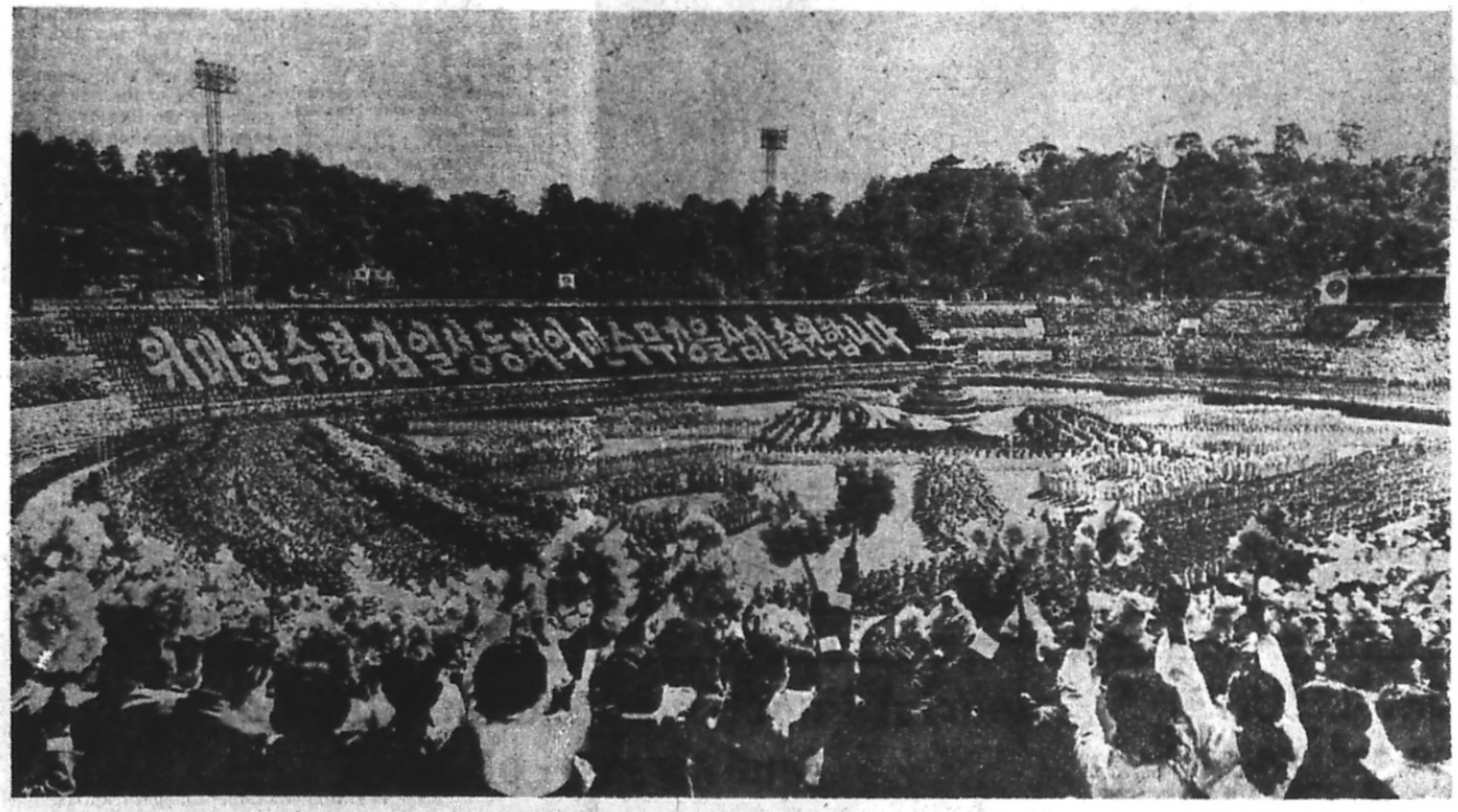
The mass gymnastic display "Following the Banner of Great Juche" gave joy to the fatherly leader for its high ideological and artistic value by powerfully demonstrating the political and ideological unity of the whole Party and the entire people closely rallied in one body around the great leader on the basis of the immortal Juche idea and its invincible vitality and showing the strict organization and discipline with which all the performers moved as one man, coupled with rich political and ideological contents, high artistic sports technique and the well-harmonized three-dimensional art of the background.

When the mass gymnastic display was over, the entire performers and the spectators broke into the stormy cheers "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and sang in loud chorus "Long Life and Good Health to the Leader" reverentially wishing the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung good health and longevity for the reunification of our fatherland and its eternal prosperity and for the victory of the cause of socialism and communism.

The great leader, with a broad smile on his face, again raised high his hand in response to the enthusiastic cheers of the students and children and the crowd.

Thousands of balloons carrying the unshaken creed of our people determined to dedicate their lives to the struggle for the completion of our revolution, united more closely, as firm as a rock, around the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung soared high into the sky above the rostrum to form rainbows of flowers, as the feelings of infinite reverence and intense loyalty for the respected and beloved leader ran ever higher in the stadium.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung met the guiding workers and teachers who created the mass gymnastic display "Following the Banner of Great Juche" in celebration of the 30th anniversary of the foundation of the glorious Workers' Party of Korea and praised them.



"May the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung enjoy a long life in good health!" (a scene of the finale of the mass gymnastic display)

His Excellency Mathieu Kerekou

President
Republic of Dahomey

Cotonou

I heard the news that the Military Revolutionary Government of the Republic of Dahomey severed diplomatic relations with south Korea a few days ago.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea highly appreciates this determined step of the Dahomeyan government as a just one reflecting the powerful trend of the present time when the world people are taking the road of independence against imperialism and colonialism, and warmly welcomes this.

The decision of Dahomey constitutes a powerful demonstration of the independent policy maintained by the National Revolutionary Council, the National Political Committee and the Dahomeyan government headed by Your Excellency and makes a great contribution to the anti-imperialist national liberation cause of the third world people.

The step taken by the Military Revolutionary Government of the Republic of Dahomey is strong support and encouragement to the just cause of the Korean people in the struggle to put the earliest possible end to the split of the nation and achieve the independent and peaceful reunification of the country and an epochal occasion in further strengthening the militant unity between the Korean and Dahomeyan peoples.

The Korean people are very happy to have such a courageous people as the Dahomeyan people on the African continent as their comrade-in-arms and extend firm solidarity for their just struggle.

Expressing the belief that the excellent relations of friendship and cooperation existing between our two countries will further flower and develop in various fields in the future, I take this opportunity to heartily wish Your Excellency President and your people greater success in the struggle for the independent development of the country and the complete liberation of Africa.

KIM IL SUNG

President
Democratic People's Republic of Korea

Pyongyang, October 9, 1975

TELEGRAMS

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and Comrade **Kim Il**, Premier of the DPRK Administration Council, sent a message of greetings to Comrade **Todor Zhivkov**, First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Bulgarian Communist Party and President of the State Council of the Bulgarian People's Republic, and Comrade **Stanko Todorov**, Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the Bulgarian People's Republic, on the occasion of the 31st anniversary of the victory of the socialist revolution in Bulgaria.

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the DPRK, sent a message of greetings to **Didier Ratsiraka**, Chairman of the Supreme Revolutionary Council of Malagasy and Head of State of the Republic of Malagasy, upon the recent determined step taken by the Government of the Republic of Malagasy to nationalize the French foreign trade company "Compagnie Marseillaise de Madagascar" in the wake of the closure of the US artificial satellites tracing station in Malagasy.

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the DPRK, and Comrade **Kim Il**, Premier of the DPRK Administration Council, sent a message of greetings to **Anthony Joseph Mamo**, President of the Republic of Malta, and **Dominic Mintoff**, Prime Minister of the Republic of Malta, on the national day of the Republic of Malta.

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the DPRK, sent a message of greetings to **Teferi Benti**, Chairman of the Provisional Military Administrative Council of Ethiopia, on the anniversary of the revolution in Ethiopia.

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the DPRK, sent messages to **Gnassingbe Eyadema**, President of the Republic of Togo, and **Moussa Traore**, Head of State, Prime Minister of the Government and Chairman of the Military Committee of National Liberation of the Republic of Mali, in reply to their messages greeting the admission of our country to the non-alignment movement as its full member.

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the DPRK, sent a message of greetings to **Yasser Arafat**, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Palestine Liberation Organization and General Commander of the Palestine Revolutionary Army, upon the PLO's admission to the non-alignment movement as its full member.

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the DPRK, sent a message of greetings to **Luis Echeverria Alvarez**, President of the United States of Mexico, greeting the day of proclamation of independence of Mexico.

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the DPRK, sent a message of greetings to **Moussa Traore**, Head of State, Prime Minister of the Government and Chairman of the Military Committee of National Liberation of the Republic of Mali, on the occasion of the 15th anniversary of the proclamation of the Republic of Mali, the national holiday of Malian people.

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the CC of the WPK and President of the DPRK, sent messages to leaders of the Republic of Burundi and the Republic of Cape Verde Islands in reply to their messages of greetings on the occasion of the 27th birthday of the DPRK.

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the CC of the WPK and President of the DPRK, and Comrade **Kim Il**, Premier of the DPRK Administration Council, sent a message of greetings to Comrade **Mao Tsetung**, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China; Comrade **Chu Teh**, Chairman of the Standing Committee of the National People's Congress of the People's Republic of China; and Comrade **Chou En-lai**, Premier of the State Council of the PRC, on the occasion of the 26th birthday of the PRC.

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the DPRK, sent a message of greetings to **Luis Cabral**, President of the Council of State of the Republic of Guinea-Bissau, on the occasion of the 2nd anniversary of the proclamation of the Republic of Guinea-Bissau.

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the DPRK, sent a message of greetings to **Tuanku Yahya Petra Ibni Al Marhum Sultan Ibrahim** on his accession to the throne as the King of Malaysia

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the DPRK, sent a message of greetings to **Ibrahim Muhammed Al Hamdi**, Chairman of the Command Council of the Yemen Arab Republic, on the occasion of the 13th anniversary of the revolution of the Yemen Arab Republic.

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the DPRK, sent a message of greetings to **Seretse Khama**, President of the Republic of Botswana, on the 9th anniversary of her independence.

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the DPRK, sent a message of greetings to **Ahmed Sekou Toure**, President of the Republic of Guinea, on the 17th anniversary of her independence.

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the DPRK, received messages from **Suharto**, President of the Republic of **Indonesia**, in reply to his messages of greetings sent to the latter on his 54th birthday and the 30th anniversary of the independence of the Republic of Indonesia.

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the DPRK, received a message from **Khalifa Bin Hamad Al-Thani**, Amir of the State of Qatar, in reply to his message sent to the latter on the 4th anniversary of the independence of Qatar.

(Continued from Page 1)

Also on hand were Comrade Pak Sung Chul and personages concerned Kim Hwan and Kim Gil Hyon.

On the occasion the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung expressed thanks to the delegation for having attended the celebrations of the 30th anniversary of the foundation of the Workers' Party of Korea to make our holiday more colourful and had a talk with the delegation in a comradely and friendly atmosphere.

The head of the delegation courteously conveyed to the great leader a verbal message and gift sent to him from Comrade Fidel Castro Ruz, First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Cuban Communist Party and Prime Minister of the Revolutionary Government of the Republic of Cuba.

After receiving them, the great leader posed for a photograph with them.

Secretary of Prime Minister's Office of Coordination of Republic of Sri Lanka and Her Party

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and his wife Comrade Kim Song Ae received on October 11 eldest daughter of the Prime Minister of the Republic of Sri Lanka Sunephra Rupasinghe, Secretary of the Prime Minister's Office of Coordination and Member of the Foreign Affairs Committee, and her party.

Present on the occasion were Sunephra Rupasinghe, her husband Kumar Rupasinghe and R.L.A.I. Karannagoda, wife of the Ambassador of the Republic of Sri Lanka to the People's Republic of China.

Present there were Ho Dam, Vice-Premier and Foreign Minister, and his wife.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung cordially received the guests and had a talk in a friendly atmosphere.

On the occasion the guests courteously conveyed a gift of Her Excellency Sirima R.D. Bandaranaike, Prime Minister of the Republic of Sri Lanka, to the great leader.

That day the great leader and his wife arranged a luncheon in honour of the guests.

Government Delegation of Republic of Uganda

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received on October 10 the government delegation of the Republic of Uganda on a visit to our country.

Present were the members of the delegation headed by Henry K.M. Kyemba, Minister of Health of the Republic of Uganda.

Ho Dam, Vice-Premier and Foreign Minister, and personage concerned Son Song Pil were on hand.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung warmly welcomed the delegation's visit to our country and conversed with them in a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

The head of the delegation courteously conveyed a personal letter and verbal message of His Excellency Idi Amin Dada, President of the Republic of Uganda, to the great leader.

The great leader thanked for this and asked the head of the delegation to convey his greetings to His Excellency President Idi Amin Dada.

The head of the delegation conveyed a gift carrying the best wishes of His Excellency President of the Republic of Uganda to the great leader that day.

After the reception the great leader posed for a photograph with the delegation.

Mayor of Baghdad, the Republic of Iraq

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, on September 29, received Ibrahim Muhammad Ismail, Mayor of Baghdad, the Republic of Iraq, and his companion on a visit to our country.

Present on the occasion were Kang Hui Won, Chairman of the Pyongyang City Administrative Committee, and Chon Myong Su, Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs.

Muhammad R. Al Zaberi, Charge d'Affaires ad interim of the Republic of Iraq to our country, was also present.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung warmly welcomed the visit of the Mayor of Baghdad to our country and had a conversation with him in a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

On the occasion the mayor courteously conveyed to the great leader greetings from His Excellency Ahmed Hassan al-Bakr, President of the Republic of Iraq.

The great leader expressed thanks for this and asked the mayor to convey his greetings to His Excellency President Ahmed Hassan al-Bakr.

After the reception the respected and beloved leader posed for a photograph with the mayor.

Secretary General of Italian International Relations Institute and His Party

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, together with his wife Comrade Kim Song Ae, received on October 3 Prof. Giancarlo Elia Valori, Secretary General of the Italian International Relations Institute, and his mother who were staying in our country.

Present on the occasion was personage concerned Kim Gil Hyon.

On the occasion the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said he was very pleased with the revisit to our country of the Secretary General of the Italian International Relations Institute, together with his mother, on the 30th anniversary of the founding of our Party, and had a conversation with him in a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

The guest presented the great leader with a souvenir carrying his unbounded reverence for him.

The souvenir is inscribed with the following words: "Reverentially presented to President Kim Il Sung who united into one the sacred cause of the Korean nation and the cause of all the peoples who are subjected to all manner of oppression by old and new colonialism, held high the long sword for world peace and showed to the great powers that to respect the right of the peoples to independently hew out the national sovereignty and their own destiny is the only and surest road to peace."

After the reception the great leader posed for a photograph with the guests.

On the same day the great leader, together with his wife, arranged a luncheon in their honour.

Delegation of People's National Congress Party of Guyana

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, received on October 12 the delegation of the People's National Congress Party of Guyana on a visit to our country.

Present on the occasion were the members of the delegation headed by B. Ramsaroop, Chairman of the People's National Congress Party of Guyana and Minister of Parliamentary Affairs.

Also on hand were Comrade Kong Jin Tae and personage concerned Kim Gil Hyon.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung expressed thanks to

(Continued on Page 8)

Grand Ceremony Held to Inaugurate February 8 House of Culture, a Gift of Allegiance to Great Festival—30th Party Birthday, Attended by the Great Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG

A grand ceremony for inaugurating the February 8 House of Culture, a great monumental edifice which men of our People's Army built in a grandiose style as a gift of allegiance to the great leader and the glorious Party, was held in Pyongyang, the capital of revolution, on October 7 with the grand October festival—the 30th birthday of the glorious Workers' Party of Korea—at hand.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great leader of our Party and our people, was present at the inauguration of the February 8 House of Culture.

Men of the People's Army, artists active in the People's Army and their families and working people in the capital, overwhelmed with unbounded happiness and excitement at having a modern, grand palace of culture thanks to the deep love and solicitude of the great revolutionary leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, thronged to the house of culture from early morning with bunches of flowers and balloons in their hands.

A portrait of the great leader of our Party and our people Comrade Kim Il Sung was set up with due respect above huge crowds of People's Armymen and working people who gathered in front of the February 8 House of Culture, a great monumental edifice and a grand palace of culture, erected in the Pipa Street of Pyongyang, the capital of revolution, thanks to the deep love of the fatherly leader. It was flanked by the slogans reading: "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and "Long live the glorious Workers' Party of Korea!"

Floating high in the sky were huge balloons from which were suspended streamers: "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!", "Long live the glorious Workers' Party of Korea!" and "We reverentially wish the great leader good health and a long life!"

A guard of honour of the three services of the Korean People's Army lined up in front of the house.

The faces of the servicemen of the People's Army and working people in the capital who were awaiting the arrival of the great leader before the house registered the feelings of unbounded reverence for and thanks to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung who established the brilliant revolutionary traditions of our Party and the people's armed forces in the flames of the glorious anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle and founded the heroic Korean People's Army based on them after liberation, brightly illumined the road to be followed by it in each period and stage of the revolutionary development and has led the People's Army along the one road of victory and glory and looks after the officers and men of our People's Army with warm paternal love.

Their hearts were swelling with the high pride and honour of living and fighting, holding in high esteem the great leader who has built in this land a socialist power, independent, self-sustaining and self-defensive, by brilliantly embodying the immortal Juche idea.

At 10 a.m., the great leader of our Party and our people Comrade Kim Il Sung arrived at the newly built grand February 8 House of Culture to the strains of the welcome music.

The attendants of the inaugural ceremony warmly welcomed the great leader, raising rousing cheers of "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and waving high bunches of flowers.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung was met in front of the February 8 House of Culture by Vice-Presidents Kang Ryang Uk and Kim Dong Gyu, Comrades Choe Hyon, O Jin U, So Chol, Pak Sung Chul, Rim Chun Chu, Li Yong Mu, Han Ik Su, and O Baek Ryong and responsible functionaries of Pyongyang municipal Party and power bodies and generals of the Korean People's Army.

Amid the prolonged, enthusiastic cheers of "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" a girl soldier and a woman worker of the house of culture presented the fatherly leader with bouquets of fragrant flowers carrying the infinite reverence and allegiance of the entire officers and men of our People's Army and the people.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, his face beaming with a smile, waved to the People's Armymen and working people enthusiastically cheering "manse!" (hurrah).

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung cut the red tape hanging across the entrance to the new, grand February 8 House of Culture, proclaiming the inauguration of the house to the whole world.

Then, the great leader walked around to see one by one interior facilities of the house of culture, a consummation of the latest successes made by the architectural science and art.

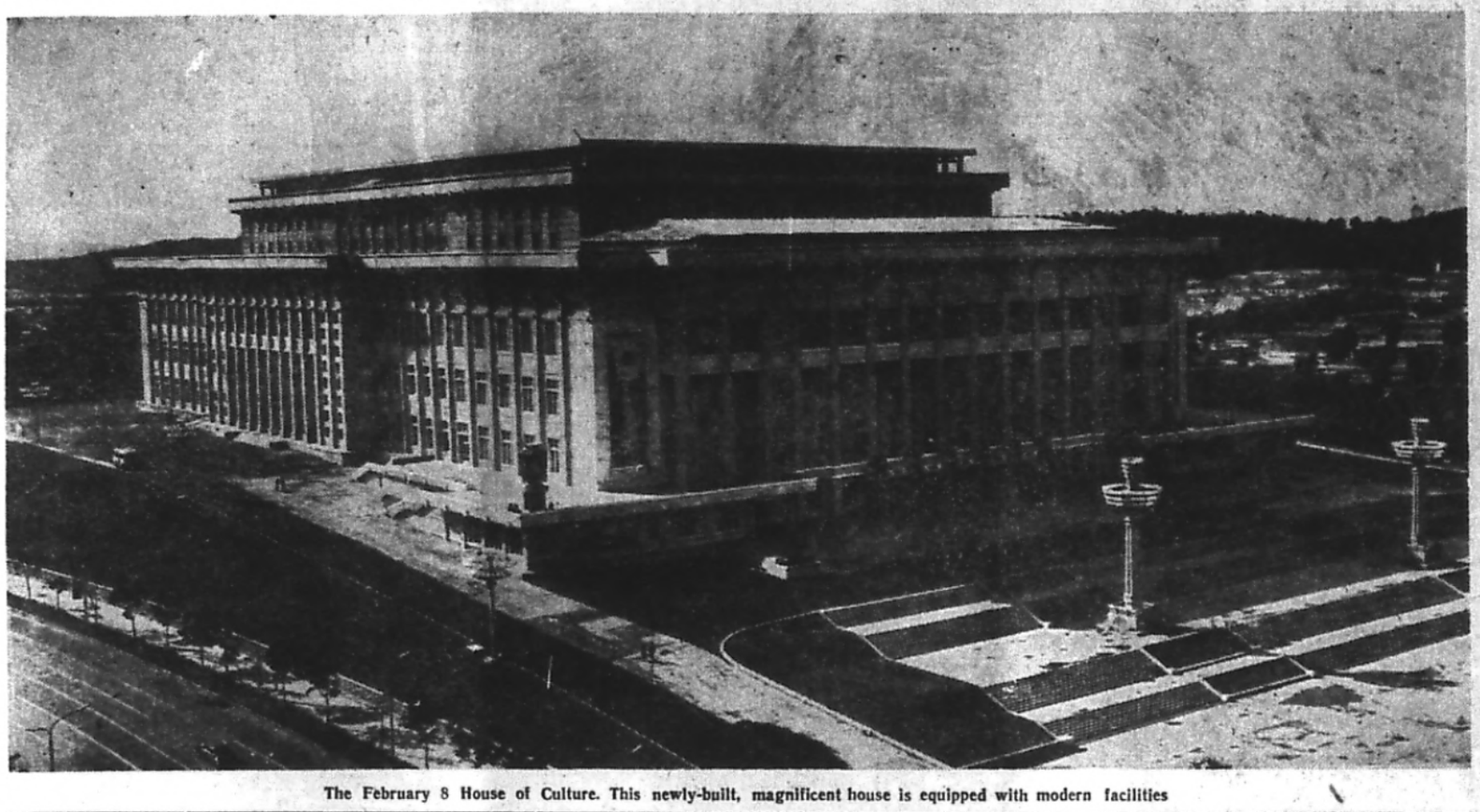
The February 8 House of Culture with a total floor space of over 80,000 square metres brilliantly embodies the architectural aesthetic thinking of the great leader. Everything in the house of culture, fascinating, exquisite and grand, represents the acme of modern architectural art.

The seven-storeyed building is some 50 metres high. It has nearly 600 rooms, big and small, including a grand theatre and small theatre.

Looking around the grand theatre with a seating capacity of over 6,000, the small theatre with a seating capacity of 1,100, the sound regulating rooms, illumination regulating rooms, reception rooms and various other rooms, the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung expressed satisfaction with the fact that the house has been built well in modern style in a very nice place and all its facilities are automated. And he gave highly important teachings on making an effective use of the house as a place for the ideological and cultural education of the People's Armymen and their families and arranging the surroundings of the house better.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung extended thanks to the constructors and designers who have built in a brief time this grand house by themselves with our own blueprints, our own technique and our own facilities and materials.

Then, the fatherly leader posed for a photograph with the armymen who performed feats in the building of the house by displaying mass heroism and the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance under the red banner of the three revolutions, ideological, technical and cultural.



The February 8 House of Culture. This newly-built, magnificent house is equipped with modern facilities

The Great Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG Receives Congratulatory Message and Letter Respectively from CC of RPR and CSC of Chongryon on 30th Birthday of WPK

The great revolutionary leader Comrade Kim Il Sung received a congratulatory message from the Central Committee of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification on the occasion of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the glorious Workers' Party of Korea. The message cordially expressed the intense loyalty and infinite reverence of all members of the RPR and south Korean people.

The respected and beloved leader Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great sun of the nation, legendary hero, ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and affectionate father of 600,000 compatriots in Japan, received a gracious letter also from the Central Standing Committee of Chongryon (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan) on the same day.

The message and letter highly praised the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung for his immortal achievements and exploits—he fathered the undying Juche idea whose brilliant rays illumined the path to be followed by the Korean revolution, founded a Juche-type revolutionary Party and intelligently led it, thereby ushering in the era of the Workers' Party in this land, an era of prosperity and grandeur—and reverentially wished Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved leader of our Party and our people, good health and a long life.

(Continued from Page 7)

the delegation for having attended the celebrations of the 30th anniversary of the foundation of the Workers' Party of Korea to make our holiday more colourful and conversed with the delegation in a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

The head of the delegation courteously conveyed to the great leader the warm congratulatory message and best wishes of His Excellency Linden Forbes Sampson Burnham, Prime Minister of the Guyana Cooperative Republic who is the leader of the People's National Congress Party of Guyana, on the occasion of the 30th anniversary of the founding of our Party.

The great leader thanked for this and asked the head of the delegation to convey his friendly greetings to His Excellency Linden Forbes Sampson Burnham.

The delegation presented the great leader with a gift carrying its best wishes.

After receiving them, the great leader posed for a photograph with them.

Heads of Delegations and Guests of Various Countries Attending Commemoration of 30th Anniversary of Foundation of Workers' Party of Korea

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, received on October 9 heads of delegations and guests of various countries who came to our country to attend the commemoration of the 30th anniversary of the foundation of the Workers' Party of Korea.

Present on the occasion were Comrade Santiago Carrillo, General Secretary of the Spanish Communist Party, who was heading the delegation of the Spanish Communist Party; Comrade Emil Bobu, Member of the Executive Political Committee, and Secretary, of the Central Committee of the Romanian Communist Party and Vice-President of the State Council of the Romanian Socialist Republic, and his wife; Comrade Guillermo Garcia Frias, Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Cuban Communist Party and Deputy Prime Minister of the Revolutionary Government of the Republic of Cuba, who was heading the delegation of the Cuban Communist Party; Yaya Malou, Member of the Political Bureau of the Togolese People's Rally and Minister of National Education of the Republic of Togo, who was heading the delegation of the Togolese People's Rally; Madame Sunephra Rupasinghe, Secretary of the Prime Minister's Office of Coordination and Member of the Foreign Affairs Committee of the Republic of Sri Lanka, and her husband Kumar Rupasinghe; B. Ramsaroop, Chairman of the People's National Congress Party of Guyana and Minister of Parliamentary Affairs, who was heading the delegation of the People's National Congress Party of Guyana; Comrade Bugar Janosne, Member of the Central Committee of the Hungarian Socialist Workers' Party and Vice-Chairman of the National Council of the Hungarian Patriotic People's Front, who was heading the delegation of the Hungarian Patriotic People's Front; Alvaro Montero Mejia, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Socialist Party of Costa Rica, who was heading the delegation of the Socialist Party of Costa Rica; Henry K.M. Kyemba, Minister of Health of the Republic of Uganda, who was heading the government delegation of the Republic of Uganda; Barahinduka Jean, Member of the Central Committee of the Party of National Unity and Progress of Burundi, First Secretary of the Muyinga Provincial Party Committee and Governor of Muyinga Province, who was heading the delegation of the Party of National Unity and Progress of Burundi; Sanan Soutthichak, Member of the Central Committee of the Lao Patriotic Front, Director of the Propaganda Department of the Central Committee of the LPF, Representative of the LPF in Vientiane and Member of the National Coalition Political Council of Laos, who was heading the delegation of the Lao Patriotic Front; Prof. Giancarlo Elia Valori, Secretary General of the Italian International Relations Institute; Thomas Megnassan, Director of the Studies and Planification of the Ministry of Information and National Orientation of the Republic of Dahomey; Sahei Watanabe, Chairman of the Japan-Korea Association and ex-President of Hosei University, who was heading the delegation of the Japan-Korea Association; Iraida Montalbo Miranda, Assistant to the General Secretary of the Tri-Continental People's Solidarity Organization; and Wilfred Burchett, Australian writer and journalist, on a visit to our country.

Also present there were Comrade Choi Yong Kun, Comrade Kim Il, Vice-President Kang Ryang Uk, Comrades Kim Dong Gyu, Pak Sung Chul, Yang Hyong Sop, Kim Yong Nam and Ho Dam.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung cordially met the guests. Saying that he was very pleased with the participation of delegations and guests from various countries in our commemoration function, he conversed with them in a friendly atmosphere.

The guests offered warm felicitations to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the founder and guide of our Party, on the occasion of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the Workers' Party of Korea.

Colourful Functions Held on 30th Founding Anniversary of WPK

Colourful functions took place in all parts of the country on the 30th anniversary of the foundation of the glorious Workers' Party of Korea, the auspicious revolutionary holiday of our Party and our people.

On the occasion, report meetings were held simultaneously in provinces (or cities under central authority), cities (or districts) and counties, at factories, enterprises, administrative organs and offices and on co-op farms.

Placed with due respect on the platform of every meeting hall was a portrait of the respected and beloved leader of our Party and our people Comrade Kim Il Sung, the genius of revolution, great thinker and theoretician, and founder and guide of the ever-victorious Workers' Party of Korea. The background of the platform of each meeting hall was decorated with an unfurled red flag of the WPK, a model of Mt. Paekdu-san, the holy mountain of revolution, symbolizing the brilliant revolutionary traditions of our Party and the figure "1945-1975" showing our Party's 30-year-long history replete with glory.

Seen in the meeting halls were the slogans "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" "Long live the glorious Workers' Party of Korea!" and "Long live the 30th anniversary of the foundation of the glorious Workers' Party of Korea!" and streamers bearing the words "Highest glory to the great revolutionary leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the founder and guide of our Party!" and "We reverentially wish the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung good health and a long life!"

Present at the meetings were Party members, working people, functionaries of Party and power bodies, working people's organizations and men of science, education, literature and art and the press in localities who were celebrating the significant 30th anniversary of the founding of the glorious WPK as a grand festival of proud victors, with great honour and pride of having fulfilled the magnificent Six-Year Plan ahead of the set time in hearty response to the call of the great leader.

Meetings began with singing in chorus of "Song of General Kim Il Sung" to the accompaniment of the brass band. Reports were made at the meetings.

The attendants of the meetings hardened again their firm determination to hold the respected and beloved leader in high esteem till the end of sun and moon, whom our people came to have as their leader for the first time in the past thousands of years. And they confirmed their resolve to live only for the great leader and the glorious Party even though they live for a moment, always remain loyal to the leader and the Party, willingly dedicating their youth and lives to them, and fight on staunchly for the complete victory of the cause of Juche.

Meetings closed with the singing in chorus of the song "Long Life and Good Health to the Leader" to the accompaniment of the brass band.

On the evening of the 10th, a gathering singing of allegiance of youth and students of Pyongyang to the great leader and the glorious Party was held at the Open-air Theatre of the Youth Park with large attendance, and the youth and students in the city enjoyed themselves on board the boats with floral decoration on the Taedong-gang and Potong-gang Rivers.

That evening soirees of loyalty were held on public squares including Kim Il Sung Square and at the East Pyongyang Stadium, attended by workers and other working people in the capital.

Fireworks were let off to light up the night sky over Pyongyang and foreign guests on a visit to our country and diplomats of many countries in Pyongyang merrily danced together with the attendants of the soirees. This made the holiday of October more meaningful.

A music and dance ensemble was performed by the Song and Dance Ensemble of the Korean People's Army in celebration of the 30th anniversary of the foundation of the WPK.

Championships of various sports events of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, workers' sports games, national students sports games and a central photo exhibition were also held.

All those present at the functions unanimously extended highest honour and heartfelt thanks to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung who brought them the happiness of today and reverentially wished him good health and a long life.

Pak Jong Gu

Pyongyang workers' and other working people's evening soiree expressing their loyalty, which is held to celebrate the 30th birthday of the Workers' Party of Korea

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